News Release



Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

25-I-0009 April 21, 2025

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR) announces the following credit rating.

CITIC Securities International Company Limited (security code: -)

<Affirmation>

Foreign Currency Long-term Issuer Rating: A+ Outlook: Stable

CSI MTN Limited (security code: -)

<Affirmation>
Bonds:

Α+

Rationale

- (1) CITIC Securities International Company Limited (CSI), located in Hong Kong, is a wholly owned subsidiary of CITIC Securities Company Limited (CITICS), China's largest securities firm. The holding company that operates CITICS's international arm CLSA worldwide, primarily in Asia including Hong Kong, provides a variety of financial services including investment banking, capital markets, retail and wealth management, and asset management through its subsidiaries. JCR considers CITICS' group creditworthiness to be equivalent to "A+". This reflects its stable profitability stemming from fee and commission income, solid operational base in Asia centering on Mainland China and Hong Kong, ample liquidity and solid equity capital. JCR considers CSI's rating to be identical to CITICS' group creditworthiness as the probability of the group support is high given CITICS's controlling power and involvement and CSI's importance in the group's globalization strategy. CITICS is promoting its globalization strategy and JCR believes that CSI's importance to the group and contribution to its earnings will grow as it plays a central role in that strategy. CSI MTN Limited is a financial subsidiary of the CITICS group. Its bonds were issued under the bond program listed on the TOKYO PRO-BOND Market. As payments of their principal and interests are jointly guaranteed by CSI, the rating on the bonds reflects the credit standing of the guarantor.
- (2) CSI is a private company established in 1998 and was renamed from CITIC Securities (Hong Kong) in 2007. The predecessor of CLSA which it operates was Credit Lyonnais Securities Asia. CLSA was acquired by CITICS in 2013 following its acquisition by Crédit Agricole. CITICS, the parent company of CSI, was established in 1995. It is a public company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange in 2003 and on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange in 2011. China's CITIC Group Corporation, a stateowned company, held 19.84% of CITICS' shares at the end of March 2025. The group conducts vertically integrated management. Mr. Li Chunbo serves as chairman of CSI. CSI's management is appointed by CITICS and part of its borrowing is guaranteed by CITICS, showcasing that CSI and the group are strongly integrated. CSI's business segments, which are vertically integrated with CITICS' counterpart divisions, consist of Investment Banking, Wealth Management (CITICS Brokerage HK), Institutional Equities, EQD (Equity Derivatives), FICC, Research, Prime Services, Asset Management and Fund Services. The Hong Kong market accounts for the majority of IPOs and funding by Chinese companies. CSI's investment banking segment generates synergies through collaboration with CITICS' counterpart division. This helps them to boast higher positions both in the Chinese and Hong Kong equity and bond underwriting markets. CSI, as CLSA, has 17 offices in 13 countries across the world and plays a key role in promoting CITICS' globalization strategy by leveraging its robust business base in the Chinese market.
- (3) CSI is also engaged in retail business in Hong Kong, where fees and commissions are a stable source of its profitability. Trading revenue accounts for a relatively high percentage of its total revenue, but it does not take excessive risks such as proprietary trading. Its relatively restrained personnel expenses and low expense ratio contribute to its profitability. Its profitability, such as ROE, is at a high level and its capital efficiency is also high. Yet CSI's revenue still accounted for a small percentage of the group's total revenue at the end of 2023. Moreover, it makes most of its revenue in Asia including Hong Kong. Therefore, a further expansion of revenue and its geographical diversification are a challenge CSI needs to clear in keeping with CITICS' future globalization. CSI's profit before income tax increased in 2023 from the year before as trading income expanded and employee benefits



- expenses were curbed. Barring major changes in the financial regulations in the Hong Kong market, JCR holds that CSI will continue to make reasonable profits in the future.
- (4) CSI adopts a globally integrated risk management system. It conducts risk management not only on a stand-alone basis but also on a group basis, including its subsidiaries. Its risk management structure consists of Risk Management Committee established under the Board of Directors and ALM Committee, Capital Commitment Committee, Risk Management Committee and Product Committee set up under the Supervision of Operation Management. Furthermore, risks are controlled for each of its business lines under its three level strict risk management framework. Risks CSI faces are extremely low as it holds only a limited volume of Level 3 assets and most of its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are listed equities purchased for customer account purposes. CSI manages the risk of each product through VaR and sensitivity testing.
- (5) CSI is subject to supervision by the Securities and Futures Commission (SFC), the financial regulatory authority in Hong Kong. It has a solid capital well in excess of the minimum required capital set by the SFC. Its capital was further strengthened by a USD 916 million capital injection from CITICS in June 2024. CSI's leverage ratio in terms of asset/equity at the end of 2023 stayed at the same level of 2022. Most of its assets are financial assets at fair value through profit or loss purchased for customer accounts. As to funding, its borrowings are through the issuance of notes to its parent company, CITICS, procurement of long-term borrowings from fellow subsidiaries and the issuance of notes in the financial market. CSI's liquidity stays ample, with its Liquidity Coverage Metric standing well above the 100% required by the SFC at the end of 2023.

Atsushi Masuda, Hiroshi Tonegawa

Rating

Issuer: CITIC Securities International Company Limited

<Affirmation>

Foreign Currency Long-term Issuer Rating: A+ Outlook: Stable

Issuer: CSI MTN Limited

<Affirmation>

Issue Amount (bn) Issue Date Due Date Coupon Rating

3-year Fixed Rate Senior JPY

Note Guaranteed by CITIC JPY 14.7 January 25, 2024 January 25, 2027 1.00% A+

Securities International Company

Limited

Credit Enhancement: Guaranteed by CITIC Securities International Company Limited

Rating Assignment Date: April 16, 2025

The assumptions for the credit ratings and the definitions of the rating symbols are published as "Types of Credit Ratings and Definitions of Rating Symbols" (January 6, 2014) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/).

Outline of the rating methodology is shown as "JCR's Rating Methodology" (October 1, 2024), "Securities" (April 2, 2025) and "Rating Methodology for Financial Groups' Holding Companies and Group Companies" (September 1, 2022) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/).

The rating stakeholder participated in the rating process of the aforementioned credit ratings.

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Jiji Press Building, 5-15-8 Ginza, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0061, Japan Tel. +81 3 3544 7013, Fax. +81 3 3544 7026

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JCR publishes its press releases regarding the rating actions both in Japanese and in English on the same day. In case that it takes time to translate rating rationale, JCR may publicize the summary version, which will be replaced by the full translated version within three business days. (Regarding Structured Finance products, JCR only publicize the summary version in English.)



INFORMATION DISCLOSURE FORM

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Disclosure Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of Rule 17g-7

Issuer:	CITIC Securities International Company Limited CSI MTN Limited
Rating Publication Date:	April 21, 2025

- The Symbol, Number, or Score in the Rating Scale used to Denote Credit Rating Categories and Notches and, the Identity of the Obligor or the Identity and a Description of the Security or Money Market Instrument as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of Rule 17g-7
 - Please see the news release. If the credit rating is a private rating, please see the report for private rating.
- The version of the procedure or methodology used to determine the credit rating; as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(B) of Rule 17g-7
 - Please see the news release. If the credit rating is a private rating, please see the report for private rating.
- The Main Assumptions and Principles used in Constructing the Procedures and Methodologies used to Determine the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(C) of Rule 17g-7
 - The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, to be applied to assess the likelihood of a given debt payment in light of its issuer's condition and business environment, etc. in the relevant future. There is certain limitation, however, in the time horizon that the rating foresees.
 - The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, that the factors posted in the below are particularly important for such likelihood to be determined, and that the rating determination is made by evaluating each of them not only quantitatively but also employing qualitative analyses.

A) Business Bases

The likelihood of a given debt payment is highly conditional to its issuer's business bases - how they can be maintained/ expanded into the future and thereby secure earnings and cash flows in adequacy and in a sustainable way.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the degree of the issuer's indebtedness and loss absorption capacity in terms of equity capital. Also notable is that a financial institution might see a significant loss of financial grounds as a result of changes in value of the assets under its possession.

C) Liquidity Positions

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the adequacy of the issuer's cash and other sources of repayment (liquidity positions).



D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The likelihood of debt payment is affected one way or the other by the issuer's related parties such as parent company, subsidiary, guarantor, and the government of the issuer's business domicile, etc. - by their own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer.

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment

The likelihood of debt payment can be different between given debts of the same issuer. The likelihood of debt payment for an individual debt is dependent on the issuer's discretion, and/ or its rank relative to other debts of the same issuer in the order of seniority in principal/ interest payment which is determined by design as financial product or by laws, etc.

- 4 The Potential Limitations of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(D) of Rule 17g-7
 - The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
 - The objective of the credit rating herewith presented does not include any concerns other than the likelihood of debt payment, such as risks of price changes, market liquidity, etc.
 - The credit rating herewith presented is necessary to be reviewed along with possible changes of the issuer of rated objects in its business performance and/ or circumstances which include regulatory environment, and hence subject to possible alteration.
- 5 Information on the Uncertainty of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(E) of Rule 17g-7
 - The information used for the determination of credit rating as herewith presented is obtained by JCR from the issuer of rated objects and other sources that JCR trusts in terms of accuracy and reliability but possibly contains errors due to human, non-human or other causes. Consequently, the credit rating determined on the grounds of such information does not constitute, explicitly or implicitly, any representation or warrant of JCR on the information itself or any consequences of its use in terms of accuracy, relevance, timeliness, wholeness, market value, or usefulness for any specific purposes.
- 6 Use of Due Diligence Services of a Third Party in Taking the Rating Action as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(F) of Rule 17g-7
 - There is no use of any third-party due diligence service in the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.
- Use of Servicer or Remittance Reports to Conduct Surveillance of the Credit Rating Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(G) of Rule 17g-7
 - There is no use of any servicer or remittance report to conduct surveillance of the credit rating herewith presented.
- The Types of Data Relied Upon for the Purpose of Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(H) of Rule17g-7



- The information posted in the below, which includes data, is used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.
 - A) Audited financial statements presented by the rating stakeholders
 - B) Explanations of business performance, management plans, etc. presented by the rating stakeholders
- 9 Overall assessment of the Quality of Information Available and Considered in Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(l) of Rule 17g-7
 - JCR holds its basic policies for securing the quality of information as a base of due diligence for the determination of credit ratings. The information used as a base for the determination of credit rating herewith presented satisfies such policies, which include the audit by an independent auditor, the warranty made by the issuer, the publication by the issuer, some independent media or, otherwise, JCR analyst's scrutiny, etc.
 - JCR sees no particular weakness in the quality of information used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented as compared to the information used in other cases of the credit rating for comparable issuers or ratable objects.
 - · If the credit rating is an Indication, please see the report for Indication.

10 Information Relating to Conflicts of Interest as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(J) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR receives payment of compensation for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented from either one of those parties who are issuer, underwriter, depositor or sponsor.
- JCR did not receive in the last fiscal year in the past payment of compensation from the same party for any kind of JCR's service other than the determination of public or private credit rating, such as one in the ancillary business.

Explanation or Measure of the Potential Volatility of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(K) of Rule 17g-7

A) Business Bases

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases, since its revenue, etc. may improve or deteriorate by the change in its business management policies, clients' preferences, competitive situation, or a technological innovation. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the business bases is large.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating is subject to alteration if the issuer increases/ decreases its debt/ capital or vice versa and thereby makes its individual debt payment liability less or more bearable and its loss absorption capacity into the future decreased or increased. Also, the changes in the quality of asset under the issuer's holding may affect the credit rating, since such changes could raise or lower the likelihood of future loss of the issuer's financial grounds. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the financial grounds and/ or asset quality is large.

C) Liquidity Positions

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's financial management policy or in the relations with fund procurement sources and the change thereby makes its liquidity positions improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.



D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's parent company or subsidiary, guarantor or other provider of credit enhancement, or the government of the issuer's business domicile, or other related parties' own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer, and the change thereby makes its business bases, financial grounds and/ or liquidity positions improve or deteriorate, and/ or making the effectiveness of guarantee and other credit enhancement improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the rated debt's status in the order of seniority relative to other debts caused by the improvement/ deterioration of the issuer's financial condition. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large. Also, in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, the credit rating is subject to alteration if and when the likelihood of such non-payment is projected to increase or decrease. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

F) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a rise/ fall in the general economy and/ or the markets inducing the issuer's revenues/ expenses to increase/ decrease and vice versa, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is exceptionally large.

G) Various Events

The credit rating is subject to alteration on occurrence of various events, such as change in the issuer's major shareholders, M&A and other organizational change, accident, violation of the law, litigation, legal/ regulatory change, natural disaster, etc., which are unforeseeable at the time when the credit rating is determined, causing a significant change on the issuer's business bases, financial grounds, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but more often than not as much as a few notches.

Information on the Content of the Credit Rating, Including the Historical Performance of the Credit Rating and the Expected Probability of Default and the Expected Loss in the Event of Default as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(L) of Rule 17g-7

- · Historical records of the credit rating herewith presented are posted in the end of this paper.
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- Facts of the probability of default are posted as Form NRSRO Exhibit 1 on the JCR website under the URL:

https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/service/company/regu/nrsro/

Information on the Sensitivity of the Credit Rating to Assumptions Made as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(M) of Rule 17g-7

A) Business Bases

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's business bases and powers of earning or cash flow generation, etc. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases on some drastic change in the operational environments, etc.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's financial grounds and asset quality. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but



possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's financial grounds and/ or asset quality on some drastic change in its business bases.

C) Liquidity Risks

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's liquidity positions. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's liquidity positions on some drastic change in its financial management policy or relations with fund procurement sources, etc.

- D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer
 - The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's parent company or subsidiaries, guarantor or other providers of credit enhancement, the government of the issuer's business domicile or other related parties' status and stance of support/assistance for the issuer. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if there is a major change on the part of related parties, such as replacement, disappearance, some drastic improvement/ deterioration of financial grounds/ balances, etc.
- E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

 The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the order of seniority in repayment of interests and principal. JCR assumes the resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch. The change could be as much as a few notches if the issuer's financial structure differs so much and thereby the balance between debts shifted so greatly. Rating change is also possible in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turns out to be inaccurate. The change of the credit rating is assumed to be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.
- Information on the Representations, Warranties, and Enforcement Mechanisms of an Asset-backed Security as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(N) of rule 17g-7
 - · The credit rating herewith presented is not for an ABS product, and hence no relevant issue.

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Jiji Press Building, 5-15-8 Ginza, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0061, Japan
Tel. +81 3 3544 7013, Fax. +81 3 3544 7026



The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction
CITIC Securities International	Issuer(Long-term)(FC)	November 27, 2023	A+	Stable
Company Limited				



The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction
CSI MTN Limited	3-year Fixed Rate Senior JPY Note Guaranteed by CITIC	January 18, 2024	A+	
CSI WITH Limited	Securities International Company	January 16, 2024	A	

Attestation Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of Rule 17g-7

- I, Kiichi Sugiura, have responsibility to this Rating Action and to the best of my knowledge:
- A) No part of the credit rating was influenced by any other business activities.
- B) The credit rating was based solely upon the merits of the obligor, security, or money market instrument being rated.
- C) The credit rating was an independent evaluation of the credit risk of the obligor, security, or money market instrument.

杉浦耀一

Kiichi Sugiura General Manager of International Department