

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR) announces the following credit rating.

Advance Residence Investment Corporation (security code: 3269)

<Assignment>

Bonds: AA

<Affirmation>

Long-term Issuer Rating: AA

Outlook: Stable

Bonds: AA

Rationale

- (1) Advance Residence Investment Corporation (“ADR”), a residential J-REIT, was created in March 2010 through consolidation-type merger between the former Advance Residence Investment Corporation and Nippon Residential Investment Corporation. Its sponsors are ITOCHU Corporation (ratio of investment in asset management company (“AM”): 80.58%) and ITOCHU Property Development, Ltd. (investment ratio: 19.42%). ADR as a residential J-REIT has the largest portfolio, which consists of 257 properties for 20,565 leasable units with total acquisition price of 436.9 billion yen and consists of properties in Tokyo 23 wards for more than 70% of the total by area and single-type properties (targeting single persons) for more than 50% of the total by type. ADR will acquire 3 new properties including RESIDIA Kameido for 5.7 billion yen by April 18, 2017.
- (2) Since the fiscal period ended July 2016, while ADR has disposed of old low yielding properties (Maison Yachiyodai), it has acquired, primarily using the sponsor’s pipelines, new properties which have been built recently that are mainly located in Tokyo 23 wards including RESIDIA Shin-Okachimachi II. It has been maintaining high diversification in terms of properties and tenants in tandem with its constant external growth. JCR sees additionally that solid lease operations as shown by track records in occupancy rate of above 96%, NOI yield of constantly around 5.5%, realization of rent raise revision, etc. are supporting its stable portfolio cash flow generation. Although its total assets-based book-value LTV ratio slightly increased to 52.2% as of July 31, 2016 from 51.4% as of January 31, 2016, JCR projects this ratio declined to 49.7% as of January 31, 2017 through partly the public offering launched in September 2016. JCR also sees that its growing unrealized gains of portfolio can work as a certain financial buffer and that ADR reduced its refinancing and other risks through its initiatives for diversification of repayment maturities of interest-bearing debt, lengthening average remaining number of years on long-term debt, and making interest on such debts fixed interest rates, and so forth. Taking the above into consideration, JCR affirmed ratings for ADR with Stable outlook.
- (3) ADR intends to continue its external growth based on acquisition of properties mainly through the sponsor’s pipelines and negotiated deals. JCR is paying attention to its property acquisition, given pipeline properties held by it in addition to the 3 properties described above. For internal growth, ADR reduced property management expenses and implemented large-scale repairs and value enhancement works by AM’s Engineering Department, etc. in order to curb fall of its old properties’ competitive strength, which can lead to a decline of its portfolio cash flow. JCR affirms a certain success in these initiatives. JCR will keep watching carefully status of its continued measures for further enhancement of portfolio cash flow and their outcomes.
- (4) ADR keeps its lender formation centered on mega banks for debt finance, while diversifying lenders by inviting new lenders to it. There are at the moment no specific concerns about its financing in light of factors such as its access to direct finance through constant issue of investment corporation bonds, liquidity security through setting a commitment line of 20.0 billion yen, and so on. The balance of the surplus fund that was transferred from gains on negative goodwill generated at the time of merger is now approximately 33.5 billion yen, which in JCR’s opinion can work as one of the supporting factors for ensuring flexibility of asset management including dividend policy. JCR will keep watching its initiatives for further cost reduction of interest-bearing debt, appropriate leverage control and other financial measures and their effectiveness. The funds to be raised by issue of the 26th series investment corporation bonds this time are to be

used for a part of repayments of the existing borrowings, and the issue will not have any specific impact on ADR's LTV level, etc.

Shigeo Sugiyama, Nobuyasu Matsuda

Rating

Issuer: Advance Residence Investment Corporation

<Assignment>

Issue	Amount (bn)	Issue Date	Due Date	Coupon	Rating
bonds no.26	Y2.0	Feb. 17, 2017	Aug. 17, 2022	0.180%	AA

<Affirmation>

Long-term Issuer Rating: AA Outlook: Stable

Issue	Amount (bn)	Issue Date	Due Date	Coupon	Rating
bonds no.14	Y2.0	Sep. 12, 2011	Sep. 12, 2018	1.68%	AA
bonds no.16	Y4.0	Apr. 26, 2012	Apr. 26, 2017	1.08%	AA
bonds no.17	Y8.0	Sep. 12, 2012	Sep. 12, 2017	0.87%	AA
bonds no.18	Y4.0	Sep. 12, 2012	Sep. 12, 2019	1.23%	AA
bonds no.19	Y3.0	Apr. 25, 2013	Apr. 25, 2023	1.32%	AA
bonds no.20	Y2.0	Nov. 14, 2013	Nov. 14, 2025	1.41%	AA
bonds no.21	Y2.5	Apr. 28, 2014	Apr. 26, 2024	1.04%	AA
bonds no.22	Y2.0	Apr. 23, 2015	Apr. 23, 2025	0.726%	AA
bonds no.23	Y1.5	Oct. 21, 2015	Oct. 21, 2020	0.326%	AA
bonds no.24	Y1.5	Oct. 21, 2015	Oct. 21, 2025	0.846%	AA
bonds no.25	Y3.0	Jun. 21, 2016	Jun. 20, 2031	0.900%	AA

Rating Assignment Date: February 8, 2017 for bonds no.26, February 6, 2017 for others

The criteria used for identifying matters which serve as assumptions for the assessment of the credit status, and the criteria used for setting of grades indicating the results of the assessments of the credit status are published as "Types of Credit Ratings and Definitions of Rating Symbols" (January 6, 2014) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (<http://www.jcr.co.jp/en/>).

Outline of methodology for determination of the credit rating is shown as "J-REIT" (June 2, 2014) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (<http://www.jcr.co.jp/en/>).

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JCR publishes its press releases regarding the rating actions both in Japanese and in English on the same day. In case that it takes time to translate rating rationale, JCR may publicize the summary version, which will be replaced by the full translated version within three business days. (Regarding Structured Finance products, JCR only publicize the summary version in English.)

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE FORM

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Disclosure Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of Rule 17g-7

Issuer:	Advance Residence Investment Corporation
Rating Publication Date:	February 8, 2017

1 The Symbol, Number, or Score in the Rating Scale used to Denote Credit Rating Categories and Notches and, the Identity of the Obligor or the Identity and a Description of the Security or Money Market Instrument as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of Rule 17g-7

Please see the news release.

2 The version of the procedure or methodology used to determine the credit rating; as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(B) of Rule 17g-7

Please see the news release.

3 The Main Assumptions and Principles used in Constructing the Procedures and Methodologies used to Determine the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(C) of Rule 17g-7

- The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, to be applied to assess the likelihood of a given debt payment in light of its issuer's condition and market environment, etc. in the relevant future. There is certain limitation, however, in the time horizon that the rating foresees
- The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, that the factors posted in the below are particularly important for such likelihood to be determined, and that the rating determination is made by evaluating each of them not only quantitatively but also employing qualitative analyses.

A) Portfolios

The likelihood of a given debt payment is highly conditional to its issuer's portfolios - how they can be maintained/ enhanced into the future and thereby secure earnings and cash flows in adequacy and in a sustainable way.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the degree of the issuer's indebtedness and loss absorption capacity in terms of equity capital. Also notable is that a J-REIT might see a significant loss of financial grounds as a result of changes in value of the assets under its possession.

C) Liquidity Positions

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the adequacy of the issuer's cash and other sources of repayment (liquidity positions) including certainty of refinancing.

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The likelihood of debt payment is affected one way or the other by the issuer's related parties such as sponsor, asset manager, guarantor, and the government of the issuer's business domicile, etc. - by their own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer.

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment

The likelihood of debt payment can be different between given debts of the same issuer. The likelihood of debt payment for an individual debt is dependent on the issuer's discretion, and/ or its rank relative to other debts of the same issuer in the order of seniority in principal/ interest payment which is determined by design as financial product or by laws, etc.

4 The Potential Limitations of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(D) of Rule 17g-7

- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- The objective of the credit rating herewith presented does not include any concerns other than the likelihood of debt payment, such as risks of price changes, market liquidity, etc.
- The credit rating herewith presented is necessary to be reviewed along with possible changes of the issuer of rated objects in its business performance and/ or circumstances which include regulatory environment, and hence subject to possible alteration.

5 Information on the Uncertainty of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(E) of Rule 17g-7

- The information used for the determination of credit rating as herewith presented is obtained by JCR from the issuer of rated objects and other sources that JCR trusts in terms of accuracy and reliability but possibly contains errors due to human, non-human or other causes. Consequently, the credit rating determined on the grounds of such information does not constitute, explicitly or implicitly, any representation or warrant of JCR on the information itself or any consequences of its use in terms of accuracy, relevance, timeliness, wholeness, market value, or usefulness for any specific purposes.

6 Use of Due Diligence Services of a Third Party in Taking the Rating Action as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(F) of Rule 17g-7

- There is no use of any third-party due diligence service in the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.

7 Use of Servicer or Remittance Reports to Conduct Surveillance of the Credit Rating Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(G) of Rule 17g-7

- There is no use of any servicer or remittance report to conduct surveillance of the credit rating herewith presented.

8 The Types of Data Relied Upon for the Purpose of Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(H) of Rule 17g-7

- The information posted in the below, which includes data, is used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.

- A) Audited financial statements presented by the rating stakeholders
- B) Explanations of business performance, management plans, etc. presented by the rating stakeholders
- C) Documentation of the rated financial product presented by the rating stakeholders

9 Overall assessment of the Quality of Information Available and Considered in Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(I) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR holds its basic policies for securing the quality of information as a base of due diligence for the determination of credit ratings. The information used as a base for the determination of credit rating herewith presented satisfies such policies, which include the audit by an independent auditor, the publication by the issuer or some independent media or, otherwise, JCR analyst's scrutiny, etc.
- JCR sees no particular weakness in the quality of information used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented as compared to the information used in other cases of the credit rating for comparable issuers or ratable objects.

10 Information Relating to Conflicts of Interest as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(J) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR receive payment of compensation for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented from either one of those parties who are issuer, underwriter, depositor or sponsor.
- JCR did not receive in the last fiscal year in the past payment of compensation from the same party for any kind of JCR's service other than the determination of credit rating, such as one in the ancillary business.

11 Explanation or Measure of the Potential Volatility of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(K) of Rule 17g-7

A) Portfolios

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is improvement or deterioration of quality, competitive strength and diversification in the issuer's portfolios, since its revenue, etc. may improve or deteriorate by the change in its investment strategies, tenants' preferences, competitive situation, or a technological innovation. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the portfolios is large.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating is subject to alteration if the issuer increases/ decreases its debt/ capital or vice versa and thereby makes its individual debt payment liability less or more bearable and its loss absorption capacity into the future decreased or increased. Also, the changes in the quality of asset under the issuer's holding may affect the credit rating, since such changes could raise or lower the likelihood of future loss of the issuer's financial grounds. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the financial grounds and/ or asset quality is large.

C) Liquidity Positions

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's financial management policy or in the relations with fund procurement sources and the change thereby makes its liquidity positions improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's sponsor or asset manager, guarantor or other provider of credit enhancement, or the government of the issuer's business domicile, or other related parties' own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer, and the change thereby makes its portfolios, financial grounds and/ or liquidity positions improve or deteriorate, and/ or making the effectiveness of guarantee and other credit enhancement improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the rated debt's status in the order of seniority relative to other debts caused by the improvement/ deterioration of the issuer's financial condition. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large. Also, in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, the credit rating is subject to alteration if and when the likelihood of such non-payment is projected to increase or decrease. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

F) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a rise/ fall in the general economy and/ or the markets, of e.g. real estate prices or interest rates, inducing the issuer's revenues/ expenses to increase/ decrease and vice versa, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is exceptionally large.

G) Various Events

The credit rating is subject to alteration on occurrence of various events, such as change in the issuer's sponsor or asset manager, M&A and other organizational change, accident, violation of the law, litigation, legal/ regulatory change, natural disaster, etc., which are unforeseeable at the time when the credit rating is determined, causing a significant change on the issuer's business bases, financial grounds, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but more often than not as much as a few notches.

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Information on the Content of the Credit Rating, Including the Historical Performance of the Credit Rating and the Expected Probability of Default and the Expected Loss in the Event of Default as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(L) of Rule 17g-7

- Historical records of the credit rating herewith presented are posted in the end of this paper.
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- Facts of the probability of default are posted as Form NRSRO Exhibit 1 on the JCR website under the URL:

<http://www.jcr.co.jp/en/service/company/regu/nrsro/>

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Information on the Sensitivity of the Credit Rating to Assumptions Made as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(M) of Rule 17g-7

A) Portfolios

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's portfolios and powers of earning or cash flow generation, etc. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of quality, competitive strength and diversification in the issuer's portfolios on some drastic change in the market environments, etc.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's financial grounds and asset

quality. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's financial grounds and/ or asset quality on some drastic change in its portfolios.

C) Liquidity Risks

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's liquidity positions including certainty of refinancing. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's liquidity positions on some drastic change in its financial management policy or relations with fund procurement sources, etc.

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's sponsor or asset manager, guarantor or other providers of credit enhancement, the government of the issuer's business domicile or other related parties' status and stance of support/ assistance for the issuer. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if there is a major change on the part of related parties, such as replacement, disappearance, some drastic improvement/ deterioration of financial grounds/ balances, etc.

E) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the prospects of general economy and markets of e.g. real estate prices or interest rates. JCR expects the change should be most likely by a notch but could be as much as a few notches, should the economy or the markets change so greatly.

- The credit rating herewith presented is not for an ABS product, and hence no relevant issue.

The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	July 26, 2011	AA-	Stable
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	October 24, 2012	AA-	Stable
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	November 8, 2013	AA-	Positive
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	January 13, 2015	AA	Stable
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	February 2, 2016	AA	Stable
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.14	September 2, 2011	AA-	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.14	October 24, 2012	AA-	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.14	November 8, 2013	AA-	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.14	January 13, 2015	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.14	February 2, 2016	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.16	April 13, 2012	AA-	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.16	October 24, 2012	AA-	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.16	November 8, 2013	AA-	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.16	January 13, 2015	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.16	February 2, 2016	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.17	September 5, 2012	AA-	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.17	October 24, 2012	AA-	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.17	November 8, 2013	AA-	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.17	January 13, 2015	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.17	February 2, 2016	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.18	September 5, 2012	AA-	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.18	October 24, 2012	AA-	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.18	November 8, 2013	AA-	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.18	January 13, 2015	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.18	February 2, 2016	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.19	April 18, 2013	AA-	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.19	November 8, 2013	AA-	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.19	January 13, 2015	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.19	February 2, 2016	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.20	November 8, 2013	AA-	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.20	January 13, 2015	AA	

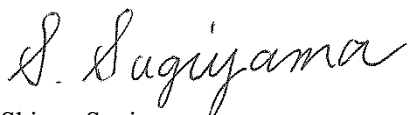
The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.20	February 2, 2016	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.21	April 18, 2014	AA-	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.21	January 13, 2015	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.21	February 2, 2016	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.22	April 15, 2015	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds no.22	February 2, 2016	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds No.23	October 15, 2015	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds No.23	February 2, 2016	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds No.24	October 15, 2015	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds No.24	February 2, 2016	AA	
Advance Residence Investment Corporation	Bonds No.25	June 14, 2016	AA	

Attestation Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of Rule 17g-7

I, Shigeo Sugiyama, have responsibility to this Rating Action and to the best of my knowledge:

- A) No part of the credit rating was influenced by any other business activities.
- B) The credit rating was based solely upon the merits of the obligor, security, or money market instrument being rated.
- C) The credit rating was an independent evaluation of the credit risk of the obligor, security, or money market instrument.



Shigeo Sugiyama

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