

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR) announces the following credit rating.

ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION (security code: 3407)

<Affirmation>

Long-term Issuer Rating: AA
Outlook: Stable
Bonds: AA
Shelf Registration: Preliminary AA

Rationale

- (1) ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION (the "Company") is a major diversified chemical company. Operating wide-ranging business sectors including Material (basic materials, performance products and specialty solutions), Homes (homes and construction materials) and Health Care (pharmaceuticals, medical care and critical care), it offers a number of highly competitive, industry-leading products in each of these segments. It aims to develop a portfolio of high-profitability and high value-added businesses under the current medium-term management initiative for the fiscal year ended March 2020 (FY2019) through FY2021 and is pursuing growth strategies in each sector. As part of this, it acquired U.S. pharmaceutical company Veloxis Pharmaceuticals Inc. ("Veloxis") in FY2019 for 147.2 billion yen.
- (2) The COVID-19 pandemic is making business conditions tough, but business bases remain solid with the favorable business portfolio. Despite current strong downward pressure, the Material segment's performance is stronger than before thanks to the structural reforms implemented in the mid 10's. For Homes, orders for order-built homes dropped sharply toward May 2020 but have been picking up since then. Health Care is steadily increasing earnings power thanks in part to the effective growth strategy. Although growth investments are adding to interest-bearing debt, JCR assumes that sound financial position will be maintained. Based on the above, JCR affirmed the ratings on the Company and retained the Stable outlook.
- (3) The Company forecasts an operating income of 120 to 130 billion yen for FY2020, down by around 30% from the previous year. By segment, the income is expected to fall for Material and Homes due to the deteriorated business environment but improve for Health Care to support overall results. For Health Care, while an increase in amortization of goodwill, etc. related to Veloxis will work negatively, growth in demand for ventilators based on the request from the U.S. government is projected to have a major positive impact. Although the income will fall for two years in a row on the whole, it will still likely stay solid even in the midst of the COVID crisis, thanks to diverse business operations.
- (4) Equity capital as of March 31, 2020 amounted to 1.4 trillion yen, providing a sufficient financial buffer. At the same time, however, interest bearing debt came to 703.8 billion yen as of the same date, increasing substantially from the recent low of 301.2 billion yen at March 31, 2018 due primarily to growth investments in Material and Health Care. That said, DER at the end of FY2019 was 0.5x, staying at the level in line with financial discipline, which indicates that balance between investment and financial soundness is controlled appropriately. Future business environment is assumed to remain unpredictable for a while, but financial risk is not likely to increase.

Mikiya Kubota, Takeshi Fujita

Rating

Issuer: ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION

<Affirmation>

Long-term Issuer Rating: AA Outlook: Stable

Issue	Amount (bn)	Issue Date	Due Date	Coupon	Rating
Bonds no. 10	JPY 20	Dec. 6, 2018	Dec. 6, 2023	0.100%	AA
Bonds no. 11	JPY 20	Sept. 6, 2019	Sept. 6, 2024	0.070%	AA
Bonds no. 12	JPY 20	Sept. 6, 2019	Sept. 6, 2029	0.210%	AA
Bonds no. 13 (green bonds)	JPY 10	June 19, 2020	June 19, 2025	0.120%	AA
Bonds no. 14	JPY 20	June 19, 2020	June 19, 2023	0.010%	AA
Bonds no. 15	JPY 20	June 19, 2020	June 19, 2030	0.280%	AA



Shelf Registration: Preliminary AA
Maximum: JPY 200 billion
Valid: two years effective from May 19, 2020

Rating Assignment Date: October 19, 2020

The criteria used for identifying matters which serve as assumptions for the assessment of the credit status, and the criteria used for setting of grades indicating the results of the assessments of the credit status are published as "Types of Credit Ratings and Definitions of Rating Symbols" (January 6, 2014) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (<https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/>).

Outline of methodology for determination of the credit rating is shown as "JCR's Rating Methodology" (November 7, 2014) and "Chemicals" (March 26, 2012) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (<https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/>).

Glossary:

A preliminary rating is a credit rating assigned as a preliminary evaluation while material terms for issue to be rated are not yet finalized. When the issuing terms are finalized, JCR will confirm them and will assign a credit rating anew. The rating level of the final rating may be different from that of the preliminary rating, depending on the final content of the terms, etc.

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JCR publishes its press releases regarding the rating actions both in Japanese and in English on the same day. In case that it takes time to translate rating rationale, JCR may publicize the summary version, which will be replaced by the full translated version within three business days. (Regarding Structured Finance products, JCR only publicize the summary version in English.)

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE FORM

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Disclosure Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of Rule 17g-7

Issuer:	ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION
Rating Publication Date:	October 22, 2020

1 The Symbol, Number, or Score in the Rating Scale used to Denote Credit Rating Categories and Notches and, the Identity of the Obligor or the Identity and a Description of the Security or Money Market Instrument as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of Rule 17g-7

- Please see the news release.

2 The version of the procedure or methodology used to determine the credit rating; as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(B) of Rule 17g-7

- Please see the news release.

3 The Main Assumptions and Principles used in Constructing the Procedures and Methodologies used to Determine the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(C) of Rule 17g-7

- The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, to be applied to assess the likelihood of a given debt payment in light of its issuer's condition and business environment, etc. in the relevant future. There is certain limitation, however, in the time horizon that the rating foresees.
- The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, that the factors posted in the below are particularly important for such likelihood to be determined, and that the rating determination is made by evaluating each of them not only quantitatively but also employing qualitative analyses.

A) Business Bases

The likelihood of a given debt payment is highly conditional to its issuer's business bases - how they can be maintained/ expanded into the future and thereby secure earnings and cash flows in adequacy and in a sustainable way.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the degree of the issuer's indebtedness and loss absorption capacity in terms of equity capital. Also notable is that a financial institution might see a significant loss of financial grounds as a result of changes in value of the assets under its possession.

C) Liquidity Positions

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the adequacy of the issuer's cash and other sources of repayment (liquidity positions).

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The likelihood of debt payment is affected one way or the other by the issuer's related parties such as parent company, subsidiary, guarantor, and the government of the issuer's business domicile, etc. - by their own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer.

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment

The likelihood of debt payment can be different between given debts of the same issuer. The likelihood of debt payment for an individual debt is dependent on the issuer's discretion, and/ or its rank relative to other debts of the same issuer in the order of seniority in principal/ interest payment which is determined by design as financial product or by laws, etc.

4 The Potential Limitations of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(D) of Rule 17g-7

- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- The objective of the credit rating herewith presented does not include any concerns other than the likelihood of debt payment, such as risks of price changes, market liquidity, etc.
- The credit rating herewith presented is necessary to be reviewed along with possible changes of the issuer of rated objects in its business performance and/ or circumstances which include regulatory environment, and hence subject to possible alteration.

5 Information on the Uncertainty of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(E) of Rule 17g-7

- The information used for the determination of credit rating as herewith presented is obtained by JCR from the issuer of rated objects and other sources that JCR trusts in terms of accuracy and reliability but possibly contains errors due to human, non-human or other causes. Consequently, the credit rating determined on the grounds of such information does not constitute, explicitly or implicitly, any representation or warrant of JCR on the information itself or any consequences of its use in terms of accuracy, relevance, timeliness, wholeness, market value, or usefulness for any specific purposes.

6 Use of Due Diligence Services of a Third Party in Taking the Rating Action as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(F) of Rule 17g-7

- There is no use of any third-party due diligence service in the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.

7 Use of Servicer or Remittance Reports to Conduct Surveillance of the Credit Rating Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(G) of Rule 17g-7

- There is no use of any servicer or remittance report to conduct surveillance of the credit rating herewith presented.

8 The Types of Data Relied Upon for the Purpose of Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(H) of Rule 17g-7

- The information posted in the below, which includes data, is used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.

- A) Explanations of business performance, management plans, etc. presented by the rating stakeholders
- B) Documentation of the rated financial product presented by the rating stakeholders

9 Overall assessment of the Quality of Information Available and Considered in Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(I) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR holds its basic policies for securing the quality of information as a base of due diligence for the determination of credit ratings. The information used as a base for the determination of credit rating herewith presented satisfies such policies, which include the audit by an independent auditor, the publication by the issuer or some independent media or, otherwise, JCR analyst's scrutiny, etc.
- JCR sees no particular weakness in the quality of information used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented as compared to the information used in other cases of the credit rating for comparable issuers or ratable objects.

10 Information Relating to Conflicts of Interest as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(J) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR receives payment of compensation for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented from either one of those parties who are issuer, underwriter, depositor or sponsor.
- JCR did not receive in the last fiscal year in the past payment of compensation from the same party for any kind of JCR's service other than the determination of credit rating, such as one in the ancillary business.

11 Explanation or Measure of the Potential Volatility of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(K) of Rule 17g-7

A) Business Bases

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases, since its revenue, etc. may improve or deteriorate by the change in its business management policies, clients' preferences, competitive situation, or a technological innovation. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the business bases is large.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating is subject to alteration if the issuer increases/ decreases its debt/ capital or vice versa and thereby makes its individual debt payment liability less or more bearable and its loss absorption capacity into the future decreased or increased. Also, the changes in the quality of asset under the issuer's holding may affect the credit rating, since such changes could raise or lower the likelihood of future loss of the issuer's financial grounds. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the financial grounds and/ or asset quality is large.

C) Liquidity Positions

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's financial management policy or in the relations with fund procurement sources and the change thereby makes its liquidity positions improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's parent company or subsidiary, guarantor or other provider of credit enhancement, or the government of the issuer's

business domicile, or other related parties' own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer, and the change thereby makes its business bases, financial grounds and/ or liquidity positions improve or deteriorate, and/ or making the effectiveness of guarantee and other credit enhancement improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the rated debt's status in the order of seniority relative to other debts caused by the improvement/ deterioration of the issuer's financial condition. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large. Also, in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, the credit rating is subject to alteration if and when the likelihood of such non-payment is projected to increase or decrease. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

F) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a rise/ fall in the general economy and/ or the markets inducing the issuer's revenues/ expenses to increase/ decrease and vice versa, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is exceptionally large.

G) Various Events

The credit rating is subject to alteration on occurrence of various events, such as change in the issuer's major shareholders, M&A and other organizational change, accident, violation of the law, litigation, legal/ regulatory change, natural disaster, etc., which are unforeseeable at the time when the credit rating is determined, causing a significant change on the issuer's business bases, financial grounds, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but more often than not as much as a few notches.

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Information on the Content of the Credit Rating, Including the Historical Performance of the Credit Rating and the Expected Probability of Default and the Expected Loss in the Event of Default as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(L) of Rule 17g-7

- Historical records of the credit rating herewith presented are posted in the end of this paper.
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- Facts of the probability of default are posted as Form NRSRO Exhibit 1 on the JCR website under the URL:

<https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/service/company/regu/nrsro/>

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Information on the Sensitivity of the Credit Rating to Assumptions Made as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(M) of Rule 17g-7

A) Business Bases

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's business bases and powers of earning or cash flow generation, etc. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases on some drastic change in the operational environments, etc.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's financial grounds and asset quality. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's financial grounds and/ or asset quality on some drastic change in its business bases.

C) Liquidity Risks

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's liquidity positions. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's liquidity positions on some drastic change in its financial management policy or relations with fund procurement sources, etc.

D) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the order of seniority in repayment of interests and principal. JCR assumes the resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch. The change could be as much as a few notches if the issuer's financial structure differs so much and thereby the balance between debts shifted so greatly. Rating change is also possible in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turns out to be inaccurate. The change of the credit rating is assumed to be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

E) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the prospects of general economy and markets. JCR expects the change should be most likely by a notch but could be as much as a few notches, should the economy or the markets change so greatly.

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Information on the Representations, Warranties, and Enforcement Mechanisms of an Asset-backed Security as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(N) of rule 17g-7

- The credit rating herewith presented is not for an ABS product, and hence no relevant issue.

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The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Issuer(Long-term)	January 5, 2007	AA	Stable
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Issuer(Long-term)	October 17, 2007	AA	Stable
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Issuer(Long-term)	September 29, 2008	AA	Stable
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Issuer(Long-term)	October 20, 2009	AA	Stable
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Issuer(Long-term)	October 20, 2010	AA	Stable
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Issuer(Long-term)	October 20, 2011	AA	Stable
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Issuer(Long-term)	October 24, 2012	AA	Stable
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Issuer(Long-term)	October 22, 2013	AA	Stable
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Issuer(Long-term)	October 6, 2014	AA	Stable
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Issuer(Long-term)	September 28, 2015	AA	Stable
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Issuer(Long-term)	September 30, 2016	AA	Stable
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Issuer(Long-term)	October 3, 2017	AA	Stable
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Issuer(Long-term)	September 26, 2018	AA	Stable
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Issuer(Long-term)	October 25, 2019	AA	Stable
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Shelf Registration	May 19, 2020	AA	
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Bonds no.10	November 29, 2018	AA	
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Bonds no.10	October 25, 2019	AA	
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Bonds no.11	August 30, 2019	AA	
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Bonds no.11	October 25, 2019	AA	
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Bonds no.12	August 30, 2019	AA	
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Bonds no.12	October 25, 2019	AA	
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Bonds no.13	June 12, 2020	AA	
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Bonds no.14	June 12, 2020	AA	
ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION	Bonds no.15	June 12, 2020	AA	

Attestation Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of Rule 17g-7

I, Shigenobu Tonomura, have responsibility to this Rating Action and to the best of my knowledge:

- A) No part of the credit rating was influenced by any other business activities.
- B) The credit rating was based solely upon the merits of the obligor, security, or money market instrument being rated.
- C) The credit rating was an independent evaluation of the credit risk of the obligor, security, or money market instrument.

殿村 成信

Shigenobu Tonomura

General Manager of Corporate Rating Department II

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