

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR) announces the following credit rating.

Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd. (security code: 3382)

<Affirmation>

Long-term Issuer Rating: AA
Outlook: Stable
Bonds: AA
Shelf Registration: Preliminary AA

SEVEN-ELEVEN JAPAN CO., LTD. (security code: -)

<Affirmation>

Long-term Issuer Rating: AA
Outlook: Stable

Rationale

Issuer: Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.

- (1) Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd. (“Seven & i HD”) is a holding company having such companies under its umbrella as SEVEN-ELEVEN JAPAN CO., LTD. (“SEJ”) for the domestic convenience store (“CVS”) operations, 7-Eleven, Inc. (“SEI”) for the overseas CVS operations and Ito-Yokado Co., Ltd. (“IY”) operating general merchandise stores in the superstore operations (collectively, the “Group”). Given the Group’s strong unity, the ratings reflect the Group’s overall creditworthiness. In May 2021, Seven & i HD acquired Speedway LLC operating the CVS and other businesses in the U.S., thereby strengthening the earnings base of the overseas CVS operations. Meanwhile, it completed transferring all of the issued shares of Sogo & Seibu Co., Ltd. (“SS”) in September 2023. While growth strategies are pursued in the domestic and overseas CVS operations, IY is focusing on the business structural reform, including the withdrawal from the self-operated apparel business altogether.
- (2) Seven & i HD continues robust performance. It remains highly competitive in the domestic CVS operations, as indicated by an upward trend in average daily sales. In the overseas CVS operations, the enhancement of original products and integration with Speedway are yielding good results. Improving IY’s earnings capacity on the other hand remains a challenge, and thus the efforts to that end need to be stepped up even more. While trends in consumer spending in North America requires attention, earnings capacity will likely improve, especially for the domestic and overseas CVS operations. Seven & i HD is expected to make aggressive growth investments mainly in the domestic and overseas CVS operations but with financial considerations. Based on the above, JCR affirmed the ratings on Seven & i HD and retained the Stable outlook.
- (3) JCR views that SEJ as the Group’s core company will maintain high earnings capacity into the future. Positive outcomes of such efforts as enhancing high value-added products, continuing sales promotion and implementing the fine-turned store opening strategy will probably help boost business performance. SEI is expected to expand the lineup of fresh foods and private-brand products, achieve greater synergies with Speedway and so forth. Looking ahead, JCR will pay close attention to earnings contribution from M&As and trends in same-store sales in the overseas CVS operations. IY is pressing ahead with such initiatives other than the aforementioned withdrawal from the apparel business as shutting down stores and establishing process centers; it needs to quickly improve its performance and increase the earnings capacity. As regards the financial services business centering on Seven Bank, Ltd., it will likely keep making certain contribution to overall results.
- (4) JCR assumes that the financial structure will improve over the medium term. Capital expenditures will likely center on the domestic and overseas CVS operations with an aim to boost the earnings capacity. The implementation of agile shareholder returns, including share buybacks, has also been spelled out. At the same time, however, future cash flow generation capacity is projected to increase. Proceeds from the sale of SS and operating cash flow from the CVS operations will likely be appropriated for growth investments and shareholder returns, as well as the repayment of interest-bearing debt to ensure financial soundness.

Issuer: SEVEN-ELEVEN JAPAN CO., LTD.

- (1) SEJ is a core operating company of the Group. Based on the judgement that SEJ's rating corresponds to the Group's creditworthiness, JCR assigns the same rating as Seven & i HD to SEJ.
- (2) SEJ is the largest chain operator in the CVS industry with total store sales of 5.1 trillion yen for the fiscal year ended February 2023 (FY2022) and is also the largest in the retail market. With the number of stores in Japan reaching 21,471 as of November 30, 2023, including those in Okinawa Prefecture run by its subsidiary, the business base is solid. Moreover, SEJ has a good competitive advantage in terms of quality, leaving its rivals far behind in terms of average daily sales per store.
- (3) Average daily sales per store are growing in FY2023, too, thanks to recovery in the flows of people, the enhanced lineup of high value-added products, constant launch of various campaigns to attract customers, implementation of store opening strategies according to the characteristics of individual areas, etc. The number of stores has been almost leveling off because of stricter criteria for store openings. SEJ will likely continue its initiatives to strengthen existing stores as supporting affiliates keeps becoming increasingly important.
- (4) Operating income for FY2023 is forecast at 251 billion yen, rising for two years in a row with 7.8% year-on-year growth thanks to an increase in same-store sales owing to the enhancement of high value-added products, including Seven Premium products, and sales promotion through fairs and app, offsetting a constant increase in personnel and other expenses. JCR assumes that SEJ will maintain high earnings capacity into the future by taking such measures as launching new products backed by its own high product development capabilities and promoting productivity improvement. Going forward, attention will be paid to the expansion of the 7NOW delivery services and their contribution to overall performance.

Hiroyuki Chikusa, Hiroyoshi Otsuka

Rating

Issuer: Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.

<Affirmation>

Long-term Issuer Rating: AA Outlook: Stable

Issue	Amount (bn)	Issue Date	Due Date	Coupon	Rating
Bonds no. 14	JPY 180	Dec. 14, 2020	Dec. 19, 2025	0.190%	AA
Bonds no. 15	JPY 40	Dec. 14, 2020	Dec. 20, 2027	0.280%	AA
Bonds no. 16	JPY 60	Nov. 2, 2023	Nov. 2, 2026	0.400%	AA
Bonds no. 17	JPY 60	Nov. 2, 2023	Nov. 2, 2028	0.687%	AA
Bonds no. 18	JPY 30	Nov. 2, 2023	Nov. 1, 2030	1.040%	AA
Bonds no. 19	JPY 70	Nov. 2, 2023	Nov. 2, 2033	1.392%	AA

Shelf Registration: Preliminary AA

Maximum: JPY 600 billion

Valid: two years effective from December 7, 2022

Issuer: SEVEN-ELEVEN JAPAN CO., LTD.

<Affirmation>

Long-term Issuer Rating: AA Outlook: Stable

Rating Assignment Date: January 30, 2024

The assumptions for the credit ratings and the definitions of the rating symbols are published as "Types of Credit Ratings and Definitions of Rating Symbols" (January 6, 2014) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (<https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/>).

Outline of the rating methodology is shown as "JCR's Rating Methodology" (November 7, 2014), "Retail" (May 29, 2020), "Rating Methodology for a Holding Company" (January 26, 2015), "Rating Viewpoints on Pure Holding Companies (Domestic Industrial Corporations)" (July 1, 2003) and "Rating Methodology for Group Companies of Corporate Group" (September 1, 2022) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (<https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/>).

The rating stakeholder participated in the rating process of the aforementioned credit ratings.

A preliminary rating is a credit rating assigned as a preliminary evaluation while material terms for issue to be rated are not yet finalized. When the issuing terms are finalized, JCR will confirm them and will assign a credit rating anew. The rating level of the final rating may be different from that of the preliminary rating, depending on the final content of the terms, etc.



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JCR publishes its press releases regarding the rating actions both in Japanese and in English on the same day. In case that it takes time to translate rating rationale, JCR may publicize the summary version, which will be replaced by the full translated version within three business days. (Regarding Structured Finance products, JCR only publicize the summary version in English.)



INFORMATION DISCLOSURE FORM

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Disclosure Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of Rule 17g-7

Issuer:	Seven & i Holdings Co.,Ltd.
Rating Publication Date:	February 2, 2024

1 The Symbol, Number, or Score in the Rating Scale used to Denote Credit Rating Categories and Notches and, the Identity of the Obligor or the Identity and a Description of the Security or Money Market Instrument as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of Rule 17g-7

- Please see the news release. If the credit rating is a private rating, please see the report for private rating.

2 The version of the procedure or methodology used to determine the credit rating; as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(B) of Rule 17g-7

- Please see the news release. If the credit rating is a private rating, please see the report for private rating.

3 The Main Assumptions and Principles used in Constructing the Procedures and Methodologies used to Determine the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(C) of Rule 17g-7

- The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, to be applied to assess the likelihood of a given debt payment in light of its issuer's condition and business environment, etc. in the relevant future. There is certain limitation, however, in the time horizon that the rating foresees.
- The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, that the factors posted in the below are particularly important for such likelihood to be determined, and that the rating determination is made by evaluating each of them not only quantitatively but also employing qualitative analyses.

A) Business Bases

The likelihood of a given debt payment is highly conditional to its issuer's business bases - how they can be maintained/ expanded into the future and thereby secure earnings and cash flows in adequacy and in a sustainable way.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the degree of the issuer's indebtedness and loss absorption capacity in terms of equity capital. Also notable is that a financial institution might see a significant loss of financial grounds as a result of changes in value of the assets under its possession.

C) Liquidity Positions

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the adequacy of the issuer's cash and other sources of repayment (liquidity positions).

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The likelihood of debt payment is affected one way or the other by the issuer's related parties such as parent company, subsidiary, guarantor, and the government of the issuer's business domicile, etc. - by their own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer.

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment

The likelihood of debt payment can be different between given debts of the same issuer. The likelihood of debt payment for an individual debt is dependent on the issuer's discretion, and/ or its rank relative to other debts of the same issuer in the order of seniority in principal/ interest payment which is determined by design as financial product or by laws, etc.

4 The Potential Limitations of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(D) of Rule 17g-7

- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- The objective of the credit rating herewith presented does not include any concerns other than the likelihood of debt payment, such as risks of price changes, market liquidity, etc.
- The credit rating herewith presented is necessary to be reviewed along with possible changes of the issuer of rated objects in its business performance and/ or circumstances which include regulatory environment, and hence subject to possible alteration.

5 Information on the Uncertainty of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(E) of Rule 17g-7

- The information used for the determination of credit rating as herewith presented is obtained by JCR from the issuer of rated objects and other sources that JCR trusts in terms of accuracy and reliability but possibly contains errors due to human, non-human or other causes. Consequently, the credit rating determined on the grounds of such information does not constitute, explicitly or implicitly, any representation or warrant of JCR on the information itself or any consequences of its use in terms of accuracy, relevance, timeliness, wholeness, market value, or usefulness for any specific purposes.

6 Use of Due Diligence Services of a Third Party in Taking the Rating Action as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(F) of Rule 17g-7

- There is no use of any third-party due diligence service in the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.

7 Use of Servicer or Remittance Reports to Conduct Surveillance of the Credit Rating Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(G) of Rule 17g-7

- There is no use of any servicer or remittance report to conduct surveillance of the credit rating herewith presented.

8 The Types of Data Relied Upon for the Purpose of Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(H) of Rule 17g-7

- The information posted in the below, which includes data, is used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.

A) Audited financial statements presented by the rating stakeholders

B) Explanations of business performance, management plans, etc. presented by the rating stakeholders

9 Overall assessment of the Quality of Information Available and Considered in Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(I) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR holds its basic policies for securing the quality of information as a base of due diligence for the determination of credit ratings. The information used as a base for the determination of credit rating herewith presented satisfies such policies, which include the audit by an independent auditor, the warranty made by the issuer, the publication by the issuer, some independent media or, otherwise, JCR analyst's scrutiny, etc.
- JCR sees no particular weakness in the quality of information used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented as compared to the information used in other cases of the credit rating for comparable issuers or ratable objects.
- If the credit rating is an Indication, please see the report for Indication.

10 Information Relating to Conflicts of Interest as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(J) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR receives payment of compensation for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented from either one of those parties who are issuer, underwriter, depositor or sponsor.
- JCR did not receive in the last fiscal year in the past payment of compensation from the same party for any kind of JCR's service other than the determination of public or private credit rating, such as one in the ancillary business.

11 Explanation or Measure of the Potential Volatility of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(K) of Rule 17g-7

A) Business Bases

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases, since its revenue, etc. may improve or deteriorate by the change in its business management policies, clients' preferences, competitive situation, or a technological innovation. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the business bases is large.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating is subject to alteration if the issuer increases/ decreases its debt/ capital or vice versa and thereby makes its individual debt payment liability less or more bearable and its loss absorption capacity into the future decreased or increased. Also, the changes in the quality of asset under the issuer's holding may affect the credit rating, since such changes could raise or lower the likelihood of future loss of the issuer's financial grounds. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the financial grounds and/ or asset quality is large.

C) Liquidity Positions

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's financial management policy or in the relations with fund procurement sources and the change thereby makes its liquidity positions improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's parent company or subsidiary, guarantor or other provider of credit enhancement, or the government of the issuer's business domicile, or other related parties' own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer, and the change thereby makes its business bases, financial grounds and/ or liquidity positions improve or deteriorate, and/ or making the effectiveness of guarantee and other credit enhancement improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the rated debt's status in the order of seniority relative to other debts caused by the improvement/ deterioration of the issuer's financial condition. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large. Also, in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, the credit rating is subject to alteration if and when the likelihood of such non-payment is projected to increase or decrease. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

F) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a rise/ fall in the general economy and/ or the markets inducing the issuer's revenues/ expenses to increase/ decrease and vice versa, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is exceptionally large.

G) Various Events

The credit rating is subject to alteration on occurrence of various events, such as change in the issuer's major shareholders, M&A and other organizational change, accident, violation of the law, litigation, legal/ regulatory change, natural disaster, etc., which are unforeseeable at the time when the credit rating is determined, causing a significant change on the issuer's business bases, financial grounds, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but more often than not as much as a few notches.

12

Information on the Content of the Credit Rating, Including the Historical Performance of the Credit Rating and the Expected Probability of Default and the Expected Loss in the Event of Default as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(L) of Rule 17g-7

- Historical records of the credit rating herewith presented are posted in the end of this paper.
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- Facts of the probability of default are posted as Form NRSRO Exhibit 1 on the JCR website under the URL:

<https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/service/company/regu/nrsro/>

13

Information on the Sensitivity of the Credit Rating to Assumptions Made as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(M) of Rule 17g-7

A) Business Bases

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's business bases and powers of earning or cash flow generation, etc. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases on some drastic change in the operational environments, etc.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's financial grounds and asset quality. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but

possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's financial grounds and/ or asset quality on some drastic change in its business bases.

C) Liquidity Risks

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's liquidity positions. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's liquidity positions on some drastic change in its financial management policy or relations with fund procurement sources, etc.

D) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the order of seniority in repayment of interests and principal. JCR assumes the resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch. The change could be as much as a few notches if the issuer's financial structure differs so much and thereby the balance between debts shifted so greatly. Rating change is also possible in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turns out to be inaccurate. The change of the credit rating is assumed to be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

E) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the prospects of general economy and markets. JCR expects the change should be most likely by a notch but could be as much as a few notches, should the economy or the markets change so greatly.

14

Information on the Representations, Warranties, and Enforcement Mechanisms of an Asset-backed Security as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(N) of rule 17g-7

- The credit rating herewith presented is not for an ABS product, and hence no relevant issue.

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The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	March 1, 2006	AA+	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	March 1, 2007	AA+	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	January 21, 2008	AA+	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	February 26, 2009	AA+	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	February 4, 2010	AA+	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	February 24, 2011	AA+	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	February 7, 2012	AA+	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	January 29, 2013	AA+	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	January 22, 2014	AA+	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	January 30, 2015	AA+	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	February 1, 2016	AA+	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	January 30, 2017	AA+	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	January 25, 2018	AA+	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	January 28, 2019	AA+	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	January 28, 2020	AA+	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	August 3, 2020	#AA+	Negative
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	July 2, 2021	AA	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	January 25, 2022	AA	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Issuer(Long-term)	February 10, 2023	AA	Stable
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Shelf Registration	December 7, 2022	AA	
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Shelf Registration	February 10, 2023	AA	
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Bonds no.14	November 27, 2020	#AA+	Negative
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Bonds no.14	July 2, 2021	AA	
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Bonds no.14	January 25, 2022	AA	
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Bonds no.14	February 10, 2023	AA	
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Bonds no.15	November 27, 2020	#AA+	Negative
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Bonds no.15	July 2, 2021	AA	
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Bonds no.15	January 25, 2022	AA	
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Bonds no.15	February 10, 2023	AA	
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Bonds no.16	October 27, 2023	AA	
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Bonds no.17	October 27, 2023	AA	
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Bonds no.18	October 27, 2023	AA	
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	Bonds no.19	October 27, 2023	AA	

Attestation Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of Rule 17g-7

I, Shigenobu Tonomura, have responsibility to this Rating Action and to the best of my knowledge:

- A) No part of the credit rating was influenced by any other business activities.
- B) The credit rating was based solely upon the merits of the obligor, security, or money market instrument being rated.
- C) The credit rating was an independent evaluation of the credit risk of the obligor, security, or money market instrument.

殿村 成信

Shigenobu Tonomura

General Manager of Corporate Rating Department II

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