# **News Release**



Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

23-D-0510 October 23, 2023

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR) announces the following credit rating.

### Toyo Tire Corporation (security code: 5105)

Affirmation>	
Long-term Issuer Rating:	А
Outlook:	Stable
Bonds:	А
Shelf Registration:	Preliminary A
CP:	J-1

#### Rationale

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- (1) Toyo Tire Corporation (the "Company") is Japan's fourth largest tire manufacturer. The Company has a capital and business alliance with Mitsubishi Corporation ("MC") and has become an equity-method affiliate of MC through MC's subscription to a third party allocation of its shares. Proceeds from the transaction were allocated to the construction of a new plant in Serbia, enhancement of production capacity at the U.S. plants, and other purposes. The Serbian plant is scheduled to begin mass production in the second half of 2023.
- (2) The Company's rating is supported by its high competitiveness in large-diameter tires for light trucks in the North American market and its favorable financial structure. Its recent business performance has been strong on the back of a recovery in automobile production and an increase in the market share of its large-diameter tires for light trucks in the North American aftermarket. JCR assumes that its high competitiveness in large-diameter tires for light truck will be maintained for the time being due to its technological superiority and broad product lineup, but the trends in the North American market should be carefully watched because of its high dependence on the market for profit. The Serbian plant is expected to contribute to a flexible supply to the U.S. and European markets with its high product performance and cost advantage. The Company's financial structure is also improving. Based on the above, JCR has affirmed the rating with Stable outlook.
- (3) The Company plans to increase its operating income by 36.2% year-on-year to 60.0 billion yen for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023 (FY2023). It is expected that the Company will achieve its operating income target under the medium-term business plan (final year FY2025) ahead of schedule thanks to a decrease in ocean freight costs and an increase in sales of large-diameter tires for light trucks. Recovery of the operating profit margin has been slow, partly due to the severe external environment in recent years. JCR will follow the future developments for the recovery of the profit margin on the Company's maintaining high profitability in the North American market, profit contribution of the Serbian plant, which is expected to make a full contribution to the business performance in FY2024 and beyond, and improvement of profit in the automotive components segment.
- (4) The equity ratio improved to 56.3% at the end of the second quarter of FY2023 due to firm performance and capital increase. As the investment in the Serbia plant almost finished in FY2022, securing a stable free cash flow and an improved financial structure are expected in FY2023 and beyond.

Mikiya Kubota, Akio Kamimura

#### Rating

Issuer: Toyo Tire Corporation

<Affirmation>

Outlook: Stat	ble			
Amount (bn)	Issue Date	Due Date	Coupon	Rating
JPY 5	Mar. 12, 2021	Mar. 12, 2026	0.280%	А
JPY 5	Mar. 12, 2021	Mar. 12, 2031	0.480%	А
JPY 10	Sept. 6, 2023	Sept. 6, 2028	0.599%	А
JPY 5	Sept. 6, 2023	Sept. 6, 2033	1.212%	Α
	Amount (bn) JPY 5 JPY 5 JPY 10	JPY 5 Mar. 12, 2021 JPY 5 Mar. 12, 2021 JPY 10 Sept. 6, 2023	Amount (bn)Issue DateDue DateJPY 5Mar. 12, 2021Mar. 12, 2026JPY 5Mar. 12, 2021Mar. 12, 2031JPY 10Sept. 6, 2023Sept. 6, 2028	Amount (bn)Issue DateDue DateCouponJPY 5Mar. 12, 2021Mar. 12, 20260.280%JPY 5Mar. 12, 2021Mar. 12, 20310.480%JPY 10Sept. 6, 2023Sept. 6, 20280.599%

Shelf Registration: Preliminary A Maximum: JPY 30 billion Valid: two years effective from April 11, 2023 CP: J-1 Maximum: JPY 90 billion

#### Rating Assignment Date: October 18, 2023

The assumptions for the credit ratings and the definitions of the rating symbols are published as "Types of Credit Ratings and Definitions of Rating Symbols" (January 6, 2014) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/).

Outline of the rating methodology is shown as "JCR's Rating Methodology" (November 7, 2014) and "Tires" (May 8, 2014) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/).

The rating stakeholder participated in the rating process of the aforementioned credit ratings.

A preliminary rating is a credit rating assigned as a preliminary evaluation while material terms for issue to be rated are not yet finalized. When the issuing terms are finalized, JCR will confirm them and will assign a credit rating anew. The rating level of the final rating may be different from that of the preliminary rating, depending on the final content of the terms, etc.

#### Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

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Information herein has been obtained by JCR from the issuers and other sources believed to be accurate and reliable. However, because of the possibility of human or mechanical error as well as other factors, JCR makes no representation or warrantly, express or implied, as to accuracy, results, adequacy, timeliness, completeness or mechanitability, or fitness for any particular purpose, with respect to any such information, including but not limited to, lost opportunity or lost money, whether in contract, tort, strict liability or otherwise, and whether such damages are forse-caeble. JCR's ratings and credit assessments are statements of JCR's current and comprehensive opinion regarding reducts, and not statements of opinion regarding any risk other than credit risk, such as market liquidity risk or price fluctuation risk. JCR's ratings and credit assessments are result of changes in or unavailability of information as well as other factors. JCR's rating and credit assessments are result of changes in or unavailability of information as the other statements of this document, including but not unavailability of information as well as other factors. JCR's rating and credit assessments are result of changes in or unavailability of information as well as other factors. JCR's current and comprehensive opinion regarding reductors as rating the particular purpose, with result of changes in or unavailability of information as well as other factors. JCR's ratings and credit assessments are result of changes in or unavailability of information as well as other factors. JCR receives a rating for part of this document, including JCR's rating data. Any reproduction, alteration, etc. of this document, including such rating data, is prohibited, whether or not wholly or partly, without prior consent of JCR.

JCR is registered as a "Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization" with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to the following four classes. (1) Financial institutions, brokers and dealers, (2) Insurance Companies, (3) Corporate Issuers, (4) Issuers of government securities, municipal securities and foreign government securities.

JCR publishes its press releases regarding the rating actions both in Japanese and in English on the same day. In case that it takes time to translate rating rationale, JCR may publicize the summary version, which will be replaced by the full translated version within three business days. (Regarding Structured Finance products, JCR only publicize the summary version in English.)



INFORMATION DISCLOSURE FORM

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

## Disclosure Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of Rule 17g-7

Issuer:	Toyo Tire Corporation
Rating Publication Date:	October 23,2023

The Symbol, Number, or Score in the Rating Scale used to Denote Credit Rating Categories and Notches and, the Identity of the Obligor or the Identity and a Description of the Security or Money Market Instrument as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of Rule 17g-7

- Please see the news release. If the credit rating is a private rating, please see the report for private rating.
- $2 \quad \begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|} The version of the procedure or methodology used to determine the credit rating; as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(B) of Rule 17g-7 \end{tabular}$ 
  - Please see the news release. If the credit rating is a private rating, please see the report for private rating.
- 3 The Main Assumptions and Principles used in Constructing the Procedures and Methodologies used to Determine the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(C) of Rule 17g-7
  - The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, to be applied to assess the likelihood of a given debt payment in light of its issuer's condition and business environment, etc. in the relevant future. There is certain limitation, however, in the time horizon that the rating foresees.
  - The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, that the factors posted in the below are particularly important for such likelihood to be determined, and that the rating determination is made by evaluating each of them not only quantitatively but also employing qualitative analyses.
  - A) Business Bases

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The likelihood of a given debt payment is highly conditional to its issuer's business bases - how they can be maintained/ expanded into the future and thereby secure earnings and cash flows in adequacy and in a sustainable way.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the degree of the issuer's indebtedness and loss absorption capacity in terms of equity capital. Also notable is that a financial institution might see a significant loss of financial grounds as a result of changes in value of the assets under its possession.

C) Liquidity Positions

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the adequacy of the issuer's cash and other sources of repayment (liquidity positions).

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The likelihood of debt payment is affected one way or the other by the issuer's related parties such as parent company, subsidiary, guarantor, and the government of the issuer's business domicile, etc. - by their own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer.

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E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment

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The likelihood of debt payment can be different between given debts of the same issuer. The likelihood of debt payment for an individual debt is dependent on the issuer's discretion, and/ or its rank relative to other debts of the same issuer in the order of seniority in principal/ interest payment which is determined by design as financial product or by laws, etc.

- The Potential Limitations of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(D) of Rule 17g-7
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- The objective of the credit rating herewith presented does not include any concerns other than the likelihood of debt payment, such as risks of price changes, market liquidity, etc.
- The credit rating herewith presented is necessary to be reviewed along with possible changes of the issuer of rated objects in its business performance and/ or circumstances which include regulatory environment, and hence subject to possible alteration.
- 5 Information on the Uncertainty of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(E) of Rule 17g-7

The information used for the determination of credit rating as herewith presented is obtained by JCR from the issuer of rated objects and other sources that JCR trusts in terms of accuracy and reliability but possibly contains errors due to human, non-human or other causes. Consequently, the credit rating determined on the grounds of such information does not constitute, explicitly or implicitly, any representation or warrant of JCR on the information itself or any consequences of its use in terms of accuracy, relevance, timeliness, wholeness, market value, or usefulness for any specific purposes.

- 6 Use of Due Diligence Services of a Third Party in Taking the Rating Action as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(F) of Rule 17g-7
  - There is no use of any third-party due diligence service in the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.
- 7 Use of Servicer or Remittance Reports to Conduct Surveillance of the Credit Rating Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(G) of Rule 17g-7
  - There is no use of any servicer or remittance report to conduct surveillance of the credit rating herewith presented.
- 8 The Types of Data Relied Upon for the Purpose of Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(H) of Rule17g-7



- The information posted in the below, which includes data, is used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.
  - A) Audited financial statements presented by the rating stakeholders
  - B) Explanations of business performance, management plans, etc. presented by the rating stakeholders

9 Overall assessment of the Quality of Information Available and Considered in Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(l) of Rule 17g-7

• JCR holds its basic policies for securing the quality of information as a base of due diligence for the determination of credit ratings. The information used as a base for the determination of credit rating herewith presented satisfies such policies, which include the audit by an independent auditor, the warranty made by the issuer, the publication by the issuer, some independent media or, otherwise, JCR analyst's scrutiny, etc.

- JCR sees no particular weakness in the quality of information used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented as compared to the information used in other cases of the credit rating for comparable issuers or ratable objects.
- If the credit rating is an Indication, please see the report for Indication.

1 🕦 Information Relating to Conflicts of Interest as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(J) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR receives payment of compensation for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented from either one of those parties who are issuer, underwriter, depositor or sponsor.
- JCR did not receive in the last fiscal year in the past payment of compensation from the same party for any kind of JCR's service other than the determination of public or private credit rating, such as one in the ancillary business.

 $11 \begin{bmatrix} \text{Explanation or Measure of the Potential Volatility of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph} \\ \textbf{(a)(1)(ii)(K) of Rule 17g-7} \end{bmatrix}$ 

#### A) Business Bases

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases, since its revenue, etc. may improve or deteriorate by the change in its business management policies, clients' preferences, competitive situation, or a technological innovation. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the business bases is large.

#### B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating is subject to alteration if the issuer increases/ decreases its debt/ capital or vice versa and thereby makes its individual debt payment liability less or more bearable and its loss absorption capacity into the future decreased or increased. Also, the changes in the quality of asset under the issuer's holding may affect the credit rating, since such changes could raise or lower the likelihood of future loss of the issuer's financial grounds. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the financial grounds and/ or asset quality is large.

#### C) Liquidity Positions

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's financial management policy or in the relations with fund procurement sources and the change thereby makes its liquidity positions improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.



#### D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's parent company or subsidiary, guarantor or other provider of credit enhancement, or the government of the issuer's business domicile, or other related parties' own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer, and the change thereby makes its business bases, financial grounds and/ or liquidity positions improve or deteriorate, and/ or making the effectiveness of guarantee and other credit enhancement improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

#### E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the rated debt's status in the order of seniority relative to other debts caused by the improvement/ deterioration of the issuer's financial condition. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large. Also, in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, the credit rating is subject to alteration if and when the likelihood of such non-payment is projected to increase or decrease. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

#### F) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a rise/ fall in the general economy and/ or the markets inducing the issuer's revenues/ expenses to increase/ decrease and vice versa, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is exceptionally large.

#### G) Various Events

The credit rating is subject to alteration on occurrence of various events, such as change in the issuer's major shareholders, M&A and other organizational change, accident, violation of the law, litigation, legal/ regulatory change, natural disaster, etc., which are unforeseeable at the time when the credit rating is determined, causing a significant change on the issuer's business bases, financial grounds, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but more often than not as much as a few notches.

Information on the Content of the Credit Rating, Including the Historical Performance of the Credit Rating and the Expected Probability of Default and the Expected Loss in the Event of Default as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(L) of Rule 17g-7

- Historical records of the credit rating herewith presented are posted in the end of this paper.
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- Facts of the probability of default are posted as Form NRSRO Exhibit 1 on the JCR website under the URL:

https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/service/company/regu/nrsro/

# 13 Information on the Sensitivity of the Credit Rating to Assumptions Made as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(M) of Rule 17g-7

#### A) Business Bases

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's business bases and powers of earning or cash flow generation, etc. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases on some drastic change in the operational environments, etc.

#### B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's financial grounds and asset

quality. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's financial grounds and/ or asset quality on some drastic change in its business bases.

C) Liquidity Risks

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's liquidity positions. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's liquidity positions on some drastic change in its financial management policy or relations with fund procurement sources, etc.

#### D) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the order of seniority in repayment of interests and principal. JCR assumes the resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch. The change could be as much as a few notches if the issuer's financial structure differs so much and thereby the balance between debts shifted so greatly. Rating change is also possible in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turns out to be inaccurate. The change of the credit rating is assumed to be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

#### E) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the prospects of general economy and markets. JCR expects the change should be most likely by a notch but could be as much as a few notches, should the economy or the markets change so greatly.

# $14 \left| \begin{array}{c} \mbox{Information on the Representations, Warranties, and Enforcement Mechanisms of an Assetbacked Security as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(N) of rule 17g-7 \end{array} \right.$

• The credit rating herewith presented is not for an ABS product, and hence no relevant issue.

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Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	August 31, 2006	BBB+	Stable
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	August 24, 2007	BBB+	Stable
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	August 26, 2008	BBB+	Stable
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	January 15, 2009	BBB+	Negative
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	August 19, 2009	BBB+	Negative
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	September 6, 2010	BBB+	Stable
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	August 24, 2011	BBB+	Stable
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	September 3, 2012	BBB+	Positive
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	July 3, 2013	A-	Stable
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	July 16, 2014	A-	Stable
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	July 2, 2015	A-	Negative
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	June 22, 2015	BBB+	Stable
· ·	-	July 5, 2017	BBB+	Stable
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)			
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	July 2, 2018	BBB+	Stable
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	October 21, 2019	BBB+	Positive
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	October 20, 2020	A-	Stable
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	October 12, 2021	A-	Positive
Toyo Tire Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	October 17, 2022	Α	Stable
Toyo Tire Corporation	СР	October 27, 1997	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	СР	October 26, 1998	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	СР	September 22, 1999	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	CP	January 17, 2001	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	CP	August 23, 2001	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	СР	September 6, 2002	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	СР	July 31, 2003	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	СР	August 3, 2004	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	СР	August 25, 2005	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	СР	August 31, 2006	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	CP	August 24, 2007	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	CP	May 9, 2008	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	CP	August 26, 2008	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	CP	January 15, 2009	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	CP	August 19, 2009	J-2 J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	CP	September 6, 2010	J-2 J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	CP	1 ,	J-2 J-2	
2 I	CP CP	August 24, 2011		
Toyo Tire Corporation		September 3, 2012	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	CP	July 3, 2013	J-1	
Toyo Tire Corporation	CP	July 16, 2014	J-1	
Toyo Tire Corporation	CP	July 2, 2015	J-1	
Toyo Tire Corporation	СР	June 22, 2016	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	СР	July 5, 2017	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	СР	July 2, 2018	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	СР	October 21, 2019	J-2	
Toyo Tire Corporation	СР	October 20, 2020	J-1	
Toyo Tire Corporation	CP	October 12, 2021	J-1	
Toyo Tire Corporation	СР	March 31, 2022	J-1	
Toyo Tire Corporation	СР	October 17, 2022	J-1	
Toyo Tire Corporation	СР	June 6, 2023	J-1	
Toyo Tire Corporation	Shelf Registration	April 11, 2023	Α	
Toyo Tire Corporation	Bonds no.1	March 5, 2021	A-	1
Toyo Tire Corporation	Bonds no.1	October 12, 2021	A-	
Toyo Tire Corporation	Bonds no.1	October 17, 2022	A	
Toyo Tire Corporation	Bonds no.2	March 5, 2021	A-	
Toyo Tire Corporation	Bonds no.2	October 12, 2021	A- A-	
Toyo Tire Corporation				
	Bonds no.2	October 17, 2022	A	
Toyo Tire Corporation	Bonds no.3	August 30, 2023	A	
Toyo Tire Corporation	Bonds no.4	August 30, 2023	А	

The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

### Attestation Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of Rule 17g-7

I, Mikiya Kubota, have responsibility to this Rating Action and to the best of my knowledge:

- A) No part of the credit rating was influenced by any other business activities.
- B) The credit rating was based solely upon the merits of the obligor, security, or money market instrument being rated.
- C) The credit rating was an independent evaluation of the credit risk of the obligor, security, or money market instrument.

窪田幹也

Mikiya Kubota General Manager of Corporate Rating Department I

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