

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR) announces the following credit rating.

Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation (security code: 7532)

<Affirmation>

Long-term Issuer Rating:	A+
Outlook:	Stable
Bonds:	A+
Bonds (Dated subordinated bonds):	A-
Subordinated Loan:	A-
Shelf Registration:	Preliminary A+
CP:	J-1

Rationale

- (1) Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation (the "Company") is a holding company, which has Don Quijote Co., Ltd. ("Don Quijote"), operating discount stores ("DS"), and UNY CO., LTD. ("UNY"), operating general merchandise stores, under its umbrella. It operates 655 stores (as of December 31, 2019) in Japan. It is pursuing opening of new Don Quijote stores and also expanding the number of stores converted in store format by renovating UNY stores. It is also trying to expand the overseas store network and has in total of 45 stores (as of December 31, 2019) in Singapore, Thailand, and Hong Kong as well as in the U.S. (California and Hawaii). As the Company has strong unity with the group companies in terms of sales, financials and human affairs, JCR reflects the overall Group's creditworthiness in the Company's ratings.
- (2) The Company has been increasing revenue and profits. It maintains its competitiveness by offering products, which reflect the needs of customers in the business areas, and setting prices considering the state of competition among stores smoothly through thorough delegation of the authorities to the stores. The number of stores converted in store format is steadily increasing, and its business performance is expected to be strong continuously. Its financial burden has increased along with the business expansion by making UNY as its wholly owned subsidiary, etc. Although it will continuously make store related investments in the future, it is assumed that the Company's financial structure will improve over the medium-term through improving cash generation capability and increasing the equity capital along with an accumulation of profits. Based on the above, JCR affirmed the ratings on the Company and retained Stable outlook.
- (3) The Company has been focusing on facilitating conversion of store format of UNY stores and expanding the earnings capacity. The Company plans to convert store format of approximately 100 stores by December 2022, and it is in progress to achieve the goal in line with the plan. The number of customers and gross profits of the converted stores are increasing compared to these before the conversion, and JCR assumes that they are going to contribute the Company's performance. The Company intends to promote digitalization and develop/strength sales of private brand products, expansion of earnings from financial business, etc. to expand medium- to long-term earnings. JCR sees that its important issue is to cultivate human resources and secure manpower in expanding its business in Japan and overseas. JCR pays attention to the progress of various measures and status of their contribution to the Company's performance.
- (4) For the fiscal year ending June 2020 (FY2019), the Company expects its net sales to increase 25.7% year-on-year to 1,670 billion yen and operating income to increase 14.1% year-on-year to 72 billion yen. This is partly backed by full year contribution from UNY, which became a consolidated subsidiary in January 2019, and increased performance of the DS. Its business performance is expected to be solid for FY2020 and beyond. While an effect of Covid-19 should be monitored, the Company's performance will be contributed by expansion of the stores converted in store format and continuous new store openings. While its debt burden is increasing due to conversion of UNY into its wholly owned subsidiary, etc., it has taken financial measures by issuing subordinated bonds, which contain equity. Investments for new store openings are expected to be reduced for the time being as it intends to focus on converting the store format of UNY stores. JCR assumes that its financial structure will improve going forward from the viewpoint of its performance trend, etc.

Akio Kamimura, Hiroyoshi Otsuka

Rating

Issuer: Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation

<Affirmation>

Long-term Issuer Rating: A+ Outlook: Stable

Issue	Amount (bn)	Issue Date	Due Date	Coupon	Rating
Bonds no. 8	JPY 20	Mar. 12, 2015	Mar. 12, 2020	0.55%	A+
Bonds no. 9	JPY 10	Mar. 12, 2015	Mar. 11, 2022	0.80%	A+
Bonds no. 10	JPY 10	Mar. 10, 2016	Mar. 10, 2021	0.33%	A+
Bonds no. 11	JPY 10	Mar. 10, 2016	Mar. 10, 2026	0.73%	A+
Bonds no. 12	JPY 10	Mar. 21, 2017	Mar. 21, 2024	0.39%	A+
Bonds no. 13	JPY 10	Mar. 8, 2018	Mar. 8, 2023	0.21%	A+
Bonds no. 14	JPY 10	Mar. 8, 2018	Mar. 8, 2028	0.48%	A+
Bonds no. 15	JPY 10	Mar. 7, 2019	Mar. 7, 2022	0.110%	A+
Bonds no. 16	JPY 10	Mar. 7, 2019	Mar. 6, 2026	0.350%	A+
Bonds no. 17	JPY 10	Mar. 7, 2019	Mar. 7, 2029	0.450%	A+

1st Series Deferrable Interest and Callable Unsecured Subordinated Bonds

JPY 140 Nov. 29, 2018 Nov. 28, 2053 (Note) A-

Note: 1.49% from Nov. 30, 2018 until and including Nov. 29, 2023. It will switch to 6M Euroyen LIBOR + 2.40% after that date.

Issue	Amount (bn)	Execution Date	Repayment Date	Int. Rate	Rating
Subordinated Loan	JPY 100	July 3, 2017	July 3, 2067	(Note)	A-

Note: 3M JPY TIBOR + initial spread for the interest periods from the loan execution to the interest payment date (exclusive) in July 2027. 3M JPY TIBOR + initial spread + 1.00% step-up interest rate for the interest periods beginning on and after the said interest payment date.

Shelf Registration: Preliminary A+

Maximum: JPY 200 billion

Valid: two years effective from October 19, 2018

CP: J-1

Maximum: JPY 30 billion

Rating Assignment Date: February 27, 2020

The criteria used for identifying matters which serve as assumptions for the assessment of the credit status, and the criteria used for setting of grades indicating the results of the assessments of the credit status are published as "Types of Credit Ratings and Definitions of Rating Symbols" (January 6, 2014) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (<https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/>).

Outline of methodology for determination of the credit rating is shown as "JCR's Rating Methodology" (November 7, 2014), "Retail" (July 13, 2011), "Rating Methodology for a Holding Company" (January 26, 2015), "Rating Viewpoints on Pure Holding Companies (Domestic Industrial Corporations)" (July 1, 2003), and "Ratings of Hybrid Securities" (September 10, 2012) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (<https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/>).

Glossary:

A preliminary rating is a credit rating assigned as a preliminary evaluation while material terms for issue to be rated are not yet finalized. When the issuing terms are finalized, JCR will confirm them and will assign a credit rating anew. The rating level of the final rating may be different from that of the preliminary rating, depending on the final content of the terms, etc.

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Jiji Press Building, 5-15-8 Ginza, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0061, Japan
Tel. +81 3 3544 7013, Fax. +81 3 3544 7026

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JCR publishes its press releases regarding the rating actions both in Japanese and in English on the same day. In case that it takes time to translate rating rationale, JCR may publicize the summary version, which will be replaced by the full translated version within three business days. (Regarding Structured Finance products, JCR only publicize the summary version in English.)

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE FORM

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Disclosure Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of Rule 17g-7

Issuer:	Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation
Rating Publication Date:	March 3, 2020

1

The Symbol, Number, or Score in the Rating Scale used to Denote Credit Rating Categories and Notches and, the Identity of the Obligor or the Identity and a Description of the Security or Money Market Instrument as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of Rule 17g-7

- Please see the news release.

2

The version of the procedure or methodology used to determine the credit rating; as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(B) of Rule 17g-7

- Please see the news release.

3

The Main Assumptions and Principles used in Constructing the Procedures and Methodologies used to Determine the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(C) of Rule 17g-7

- The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, to be applied to assess the likelihood of a given debt payment in light of its issuer's condition and business environment, etc. in the relevant future. There is certain limitation, however, in the time horizon that the rating foresees.
- The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, that the factors posted in the below are particularly important for such likelihood to be determined, and that the rating determination is made by evaluating each of them not only quantitatively but also employing qualitative analyses.

A) Business Bases

The likelihood of a given debt payment is highly conditional to its issuer's business bases - how they can be maintained/ expanded into the future and thereby secure earnings and cash flows in adequacy and in a sustainable way.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the degree of the issuer's indebtedness and loss absorption capacity in terms of equity capital. Also notable is that a financial institution might see a significant loss of financial grounds as a result of changes in value of the assets under its possession.

C) Liquidity Positions

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the adequacy of the issuer's cash and other sources of repayment (liquidity positions).

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The likelihood of debt payment is affected one way or the other by the issuer's related parties such as parent company, subsidiary, guarantor, and the government of the issuer's business domicile, etc. - by their own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer.

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment

The likelihood of debt payment can be different between given debts of the same issuer. The likelihood of debt payment for an individual debt is dependent on the issuer's discretion, and/ or its rank relative to other debts of the same issuer in the order of seniority in principal/ interest payment which is determined by design as financial product or by laws, etc.

4 The Potential Limitations of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(D) of Rule 17g-7

- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- The objective of the credit rating herewith presented does not include any concerns other than the likelihood of debt payment, such as risks of price changes, market liquidity, etc.
- The credit rating herewith presented is necessary to be reviewed along with possible changes of the issuer of rated objects in its business performance and/ or circumstances which include regulatory environment, and hence subject to possible alteration.

5 Information on the Uncertainty of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(E) of Rule 17g-7

- The information used for the determination of credit rating as herewith presented is obtained by JCR from the issuer of rated objects and other sources that JCR trusts in terms of accuracy and reliability but possibly contains errors due to human, non-human or other causes. Consequently, the credit rating determined on the grounds of such information does not constitute, explicitly or implicitly, any representation or warrant of JCR on the information itself or any consequences of its use in terms of accuracy, relevance, timeliness, wholeness, market value, or usefulness for any specific purposes.

6 Use of Due Diligence Services of a Third Party in Taking the Rating Action as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(F) of Rule 17g-7

- There is no use of any third-party due diligence service in the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.

7 Use of Servicer or Remittance Reports to Conduct Surveillance of the Credit Rating Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(G) of Rule 17g-7

- There is no use of any servicer or remittance report to conduct surveillance of the credit rating herewith presented.

8 The Types of Data Relied Upon for the Purpose of Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(H) of Rule 17g-7

- The information posted in the below, which includes data, is used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.

A) Audited financial statements presented by the rating stakeholders

B) Explanations of business performance, management plans, etc. presented by the rating stakeholders

9 Overall assessment of the Quality of Information Available and Considered in Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(I) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR holds its basic policies for securing the quality of information as a base of due diligence for the determination of credit ratings. The information used as a base for the determination of credit rating herewith presented satisfies such policies, which include the audit by an independent auditor, the publication by the issuer or some independent media or, otherwise, JCR analyst's scrutiny, etc.
- JCR sees no particular weakness in the quality of information used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented as compared to the information used in other cases of the credit rating for comparable issuers or ratable objects.

10 Information Relating to Conflicts of Interest as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(J) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR receives payment of compensation for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented from either one of those parties who are issuer, underwriter, depositor or sponsor.
- JCR did not receive in the last fiscal year in the past payment of compensation from the same party for any kind of JCR's service other than the determination of credit rating, such as one in the ancillary business.

11 Explanation or Measure of the Potential Volatility of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(K) of Rule 17g-7

A) Business Bases

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases, since its revenue, etc. may improve or deteriorate by the change in its business management policies, clients' preferences, competitive situation, or a technological innovation. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the business bases is large.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating is subject to alteration if the issuer increases/ decreases its debt/ capital or vice versa and thereby makes its individual debt payment liability less or more bearable and its loss absorption capacity into the future decreased or increased. Also, the changes in the quality of asset under the issuer's holding may affect the credit rating, since such changes could raise or lower the likelihood of future loss of the issuer's financial grounds. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the financial grounds and/ or asset quality is large.

C) Liquidity Positions

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's financial management policy or in the relations with fund procurement sources and the change thereby makes its liquidity positions improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's parent company or subsidiary, guarantor or other provider of credit enhancement, or the government of the issuer's

business domicile, or other related parties' own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer, and the change thereby makes its business bases, financial grounds and/ or liquidity positions improve or deteriorate, and/ or making the effectiveness of guarantee and other credit enhancement improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the rated debt's status in the order of seniority relative to other debts caused by the improvement/ deterioration of the issuer's financial condition. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large. Also, in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, the credit rating is subject to alteration if and when the likelihood of such non-payment is projected to increase or decrease. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

F) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a rise/ fall in the general economy and/ or the markets inducing the issuer's revenues/ expenses to increase/ decrease and vice versa, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is exceptionally large.

G) Various Events

The credit rating is subject to alteration on occurrence of various events, such as change in the issuer's major shareholders, M&A and other organizational change, accident, violation of the law, litigation, legal/ regulatory change, natural disaster, etc., which are unforeseeable at the time when the credit rating is determined, causing a significant change on the issuer's business bases, financial grounds, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but more often than not as much as a few notches.

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Information on the Content of the Credit Rating, Including the Historical Performance of the Credit Rating and the Expected Probability of Default and the Expected Loss in the Event of Default as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(L) of Rule 17g-7

- Historical records of the credit rating herewith presented are posted in the end of this paper.
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- Facts of the probability of default are posted as Form NRSRO Exhibit 1 on the JCR website under the URL:

<https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/service/company/regu/nrsro/>

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Information on the Sensitivity of the Credit Rating to Assumptions Made as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(M) of Rule 17g-7

A) Business Bases

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's business bases and powers of earning or cash flow generation, etc. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases on some drastic change in the operational environments, etc.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's financial grounds and asset quality. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's financial grounds and/ or asset quality on some drastic change in its business bases.

C) Liquidity Risks

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's liquidity positions. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's liquidity positions on some drastic change in its financial management policy or relations with fund procurement sources, etc.

D) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the order of seniority in repayment of interests and principal. JCR assumes the resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch. The change could be as much as a few notches if the issuer's financial structure differs so much and thereby the balance between debts shifted so greatly. Rating change is also possible in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turns out to be inaccurate. The change of the credit rating is assumed to be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

E) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the prospects of general economy and markets. JCR expects the change should be most likely by a notch but could be as much as a few notches, should the economy or the markets change so greatly.

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Information on the Representations, Warranties, and Enforcement Mechanisms of an Asset-backed Security as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(N) of rule 17g-7

- The credit rating herewith presented is not for an ABS product, and hence no relevant issue.

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Jiji Press Building, 5-15-8 Ginza, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0061, Japan
Tel. +81 3 3544 7013, Fax. +81 3 3544 7026

The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	July 27, 2001	BBB	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	October 4, 2002	BBB	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	December 12, 2003	BBB	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	November 24, 2004	BBB	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	November 18, 2005	BBB	Positive
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	November 21, 2006	BBB+	Stable
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	November 26, 2007	A-	Stable
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	December 12, 2008	A-	Stable
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	November 27, 2009	A-	Stable
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	December 15, 2010	A	Stable
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	January 16, 2012	A	Stable
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	November 9, 2012	A	Stable
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	December 2, 2013	A	Stable
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	December 29, 2014	A+	Stable
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	January 13, 2016	A+	Stable
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	January 17, 2017	A+	Stable
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	January 24, 2018	A+	Stable
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	February 28, 2019	A+	Stable
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	October 4, 2002	J-2	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	December 12, 2003	J-2	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	November 24, 2004	J-2	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	November 18, 2005	J-2	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	November 21, 2006	J-2	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	November 26, 2007	J-1	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	December 12, 2008	J-1	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	November 27, 2009	J-1	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	December 15, 2010	J-1	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	January 16, 2012	J-1	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	November 9, 2012	J-1	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	December 2, 2013	J-1	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	December 29, 2014	J-1	

The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	January 13, 2016	J-1	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	January 17, 2017	J-1	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	January 24, 2018	J-1	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	CP	February 28, 2019	J-1	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Shelf Registration	February 28, 2019	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.8	March 6, 2015	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.8	January 13, 2016	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.8	January 17, 2017	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.8	January 24, 2018	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.8	February 28, 2019	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.9	March 6, 2015	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.9	January 13, 2016	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.9	January 17, 2017	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.9	January 24, 2018	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.9	February 28, 2019	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.10	March 4, 2016	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.10	January 17, 2017	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.10	January 24, 2018	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.10	February 28, 2019	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.11	March 4, 2016	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.11	January 17, 2017	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.11	January 24, 2018	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.11	February 28, 2019	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.12	March 14, 2017	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.12	January 24, 2018	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.12	February 28, 2019	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.13	March 2, 2018	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.13	February 28, 2019	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.14	March 2, 2018	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.14	February 28, 2019	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.1(subordinated)	November 22, 2018	A-	

The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.1(subordinated)	February 28, 2019	A-	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.15	March 1, 2019	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.16	March 1, 2019	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Bonds no.17	March 1, 2019	A+	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Loan(subordinated)	March 7, 2017	A-	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Loan(subordinated)	January 24, 2018	A-	
Pan Pacific International Holdings Corporation	Loan(subordinated)	February 28, 2019	A-	

Attestation Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of Rule 17g-7

I, Yoshinori Namioka, have responsibility to this Rating Action and to the best of my knowledge:

- A) No part of the credit rating was influenced by any other business activities.
- B) The credit rating was based solely upon the merits of the obligor, security, or money market instrument being rated.
- C) The credit rating was an independent evaluation of the credit risk of the obligor, security, or money market instrument.

清岡 由典

Yoshinori Namioka

General Manager of Corporate Rating Department II

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Jiji Press Building, 5-15-8 Ginza, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0061, Japan
Tel. +81 3 3544 7013, Fax. +81 3 3544 7026