News Release



Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

23-D-1417 January 24, 2024

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR) announces the following credit rating.

Nippon Life Insurance Company (security code: -)

Affirmation>	
Long-term Issuer Rating:	AA+
Outlook:	Stable
Ability to Pay Insurance Claims:	AA+
Outlook:	Stable
Foundation Fund:	AA
Subordinated Loan:	AA-
CP:	J-1+

Rationale

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- (1) Nippon Life Insurance Company is the core company of Japan's largest life insurance group, Nippon Life Group. Having Taiju Life Insurance Company Limited, Nippon Wealth Life Insurance Company Limited, HANASAKU LIFE INSURANCE Co., Ltd., MLC Limited in Australia, and other companies under its umbrella, it operates overseas insurance, asset management and other businesses, centered on domestic insurance business. JCR rates issuer rating of Nippon Life at the same level as the Group's overall creditworthiness, which is considered equivalent to "AA+" based on the assessment on the strong operating base in Japan, stable earnings power on the back of a large amount of policies in force, high capital adequacy relative to risks, and others. The Group's business performance of policies has been strong and new business value has been steadily accumulating. It has large capital and its ability to absorb various risks is high. It has made steady progress in reducing interest rate risk and others, and the sensitivity of economic value-based indicators has been declining.
- (2) The Group's business foundation is strong and its competitiveness is high. In order to respond to the diversification of customers' needs in the domestic market, the Group has a "domestic five-company structure" including Nissay Plus SSI (small-amount, short-term insurance), and has firmly established multiple and specialized sales channels based on its sales staff of approximately 50,000. JCR believes that the Group will continue to maintain its business foundation and competitiveness, given that in addition to strengthening the bankassurance channel and agency channel, it is working to develop the market through mutual supply of products by the Group as a whole and to enhance customer service by integrating face-to-face and digital services. In addition, it is diversifying its group business, including businesses that are closely related to insurance businesses, by launching new businesses and conducting M&A. In the overseas insurance business, MLC's performance has been improving as a result of the Group's financial support and strengthened monitoring. Going forward, overseas business investment is expected to accelerate compared to the previous pace, and the contribution to earnings of the Group as a whole will be a focus of attention.
- (3) The Group's earnings power is relatively high and stable. The Group has been focusing on sales of protection products rather than savings products, and has been replacing the product mix of in-force policies by adopting appropriate product strategies, including the introduction of new third-sector products. Looking at business performance of policies, annualized new business premium increased due to increased sales of foreign currency-denominated products and yen-denominated single-premium products at Nippon Wealth Life, while sales of protection products have been sluggish at Nippon Life. JCR will focus on whether the Group can stably accumulate the value of new business while expanding the business performance of protection products.
- (4) JCR considers that the Group's capital adequacy relative to risk is in the upper AA range, and its ESR is sufficiently high to maintain soundness even under considerable stress. While its large stockholdings make it susceptible to stock price movements, it is reducing interest rate risk and others by narrowing the duration gap, and the sensitivity of its ESR to interest rates is being controlled. The number of group companies is increasing both in Japan and abroad, and the importance of group-wide ERM, including overseas operations, is growing. The Group adopts a policy to strategically utilize capital for business expansion, and JCR believes that it will maintain a balance between investment for growth and improvement of soundness based on ERM management.

Kiichi Sugiura, Tomohiro Miyao, and Kota Matsuzawa

Rating

Issuer: Nippon Life Insurance Company

<affirmation> Long-term Issuer Rating: Ability to Pay Insurance (Issue</affirmation>			c: Stable c: Stable Due Date	Interest Rate	Rating
Foundation Fund	JPY 50	Aug. 3, 202	Aug. 3, 2026	0.280%	AA
Issue Amount Subordinated Loan	(bn) Execu	tion Date	Repayment Date	Interest Rate	Rating
JPY 12	20 Sept.	18, 2018	(Note 1)	(Note 2)	AA-
Subordinated Loan					
JPY 9	0 Apr. 2	22, 2019	(Note 3)	(Note 4)	AA-
Subordinated Loan JPY 8	0 Nov 3	21, 2019	(Note 5)	(Note 6)	AA-
Subordinated Loan		21, 2013			
JPY 1	30 Sept. :	23, 2020	(Note 7)	(Note 8)	AA-
Subordinated Loan			. ,	. ,	
JPY 20	00 May 1	11, 2021	(Note 9)	(Note 10)	AA-
Subordinated Loan					
JPY 13	30 May 1	10, 2022	(Note 11)	(Note 12)	AA-
Subordinated Loan					
JPY 7	1 Sept.	22, 2022	(Note 13)	(Note 14)	AA-
Subordinated Loan	۰ ۰	0 0000	Amr. 00, 0050	$(N_{\rm oto}, 45)$	
JPY 8	O Apr. 2	20, 2023	Apr. 20, 2053	(Note 15)	AA-

(Note 1): 3rd banking business day prior to September 18, 2048

(Note 2): For interest periods from loan execution to interest payment date 10 years later, 10-year years swap rate + initial spread. For interest periods beginning on and after the interest payment date 10 years later, 5-year year swap rate + initial spread + 1.00% step-up interest rate.

(Note 3): 3rd banking business day prior to April 22, 2049

(Note 4): For interest periods from loan execution to interest payment date 10 years later, 10-year yen swap rate + initial spread. For interest periods beginning on and after the interest payment date 10 years later, 5-year yen swap rate + initial spread + 1.00% step-up interest rate.

- (Note 5): 3rd banking business day prior to Nov. 21, 2049
- (Note 6): For interest periods from loan execution to interest payment date 10 years later, 10-year yen swap rate + initial spread. For interest periods beginning on and after the interest payment date 10 years later, 5-year yen swap rate + initial spread + 1.00% step-up interest rate.
- (Note 7): 3rd banking business day prior to Sept. 23, 2050

(Note 8): Fixed rate until Sept. 23, 2030 (10-year JGB interest rate + initial spread). It will switch to 5-year JGB interest rate + initial spread + 1.00% every 5 years after Sept. 23, 2030.

(Note 9): 3rd banking business day prior to May 11, 2051

(Note 10): Fixed rate until May 11, 2031 (10-year JGB interest rate + initial spread). It will switch to 5-year JGB interest rate + initial spread + 1.00% every 5 years after May 11, 2031.

(Note 11): 3rd banking business day prior to May 10, 2052

(Note 12): Fixed interest rate of 10-year JGB interest rate + initial spread until and including May 10, 2032. 5-year JGB interest rate + initial spread + 1.00% every 5 years after that date.

- (Note 13): 3rd banking business day prior to September 28, 2052
- (Note 14): Fixed interest rate until and including September 28, 2027. 5-year JGB interest rate + certain spread from September 29, 2027 to and including September 28, 2032. 5-year JGB interest rate + certain spread + 1.00% every 5 years after that date.
- (Note 15): 10-year Tokyo Swap Rate (see TONA) + initial spread for the interest calculation periods from the Execution Date to April 2033. 5-year Tokyo Swap Rate (see TONA) + initial spread + 1.00% step-up interest rate for the interest calculation periods thereafter.

CP: J-1+

Maximum: JPY 300 billion



Rating Assignment Date: January 19, 2024

The assumptions for the credit ratings and the definitions of the rating symbols are published as "Types of Credit Ratings and Definitions of Rating Symbols" (January 6, 2014) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/).

Outline of the rating methodology is shown as "JCR's Rating Methodology" (November 7, 2014), "Life Insurance" (July 1, 2013), "Ratings on Foundation Funds of Mutual Life Insurance Companies" (August 12, 2004), "Ratings of Hybrid Securities" (September 10, 2012) and "Rating Methodology for Financial Institutions' Capital and TLAC Instruments" (April 27, 2017) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/).

The rating stakeholder participated in the rating process of the aforementioned credit ratings.

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JCR is registered as a "Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization" with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to the following four classes. (1) Financial institutions, brokers and dealers, (2) Insurance Companies, (3) Corporate Issuers, (4) Issuers of government securities, municipal securities and foreign government securities.

JCR publishes its press releases regarding the rating actions both in Japanese and in English on the same day. In case that it takes time to translate rating rationale, JCR may publicize the summary version, which will be replaced by the full translated version within three business days. (Regarding Structured Finance products, JCR only publicize the summary version in English.)



INFORMATION DISCLOSURE FORM

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Disclosure Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of Rule 17g-7

lssuer:	Nippon Life Insurance Company
Rating Publication Date:	January 24, 2024

The Symbol, Number, or Score in the Rating Scale used to Denote Credit Rating Categories and Notches and, the Identity of the Obligor or the Identity and a Description of the Security or Money Market Instrument as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of Rule 17g-7

- Please see the news release. If the credit rating is a private rating, please see the report for private rating.
- 2 The version of the procedure or methodology used to determine the credit rating; as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(B) of Rule 17g-7
 - Please see the news release. If the credit rating is a private rating, please see the report for private rating.

3 The Main Assumptions and Principles used in Constructing the Procedures and Methodologies used to Determine the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(C) of Rule 17g-7

- The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, to be applied to assess the likelihood of a given debt payment in light of its issuer's condition and business environment, etc. in the relevant future. There is certain limitation, however, in the time horizon that the rating foresees.
- The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, that the factors posted in the below are particularly important for such likelihood to be determined, and that the rating determination is made by evaluating each of them not only quantitatively but also employing qualitative analyses.
- A) Business Bases

1

The likelihood of a given debt payment is highly conditional to its issuer's business bases - how they can be maintained/ expanded into the future and thereby secure earnings and cash flows in adequacy and in a sustainable way.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the degree of the issuer's indebtedness and loss absorption capacity in terms of equity capital. Also notable is that a financial institution might see a significant loss of financial grounds as a result of changes in value of the assets under its possession.

C) Liquidity Positions

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the adequacy of the issuer's cash and other sources of repayment (liquidity positions).

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The likelihood of debt payment is affected one way or the other by the issuer's related parties such as parent company, subsidiary, guarantor, and the government of the issuer's business domicile, etc. - by their own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer.

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E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment

4

The likelihood of debt payment can be different between given debts of the same issuer. The likelihood of debt payment for an individual debt is dependent on the issuer's discretion, and/ or its rank relative to other debts of the same issuer in the order of seniority in principal/ interest payment which is determined by design as financial product or by laws, etc.

- The Potential Limitations of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(D) of Rule 17g-7
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- The objective of the credit rating herewith presented does not include any concerns other than the likelihood of debt payment, such as risks of price changes, market liquidity, etc.
- The credit rating herewith presented is necessary to be reviewed along with possible changes of the issuer of rated objects in its business performance and/ or circumstances which include regulatory environment, and hence subject to possible alteration.
- 5 Information on the Uncertainty of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(E) of Rule 17g-7

The information used for the determination of credit rating as herewith presented is obtained by JCR from the issuer of rated objects and other sources that JCR trusts in terms of accuracy and reliability but possibly contains errors due to human, non-human or other causes. Consequently, the credit rating determined on the grounds of such information does not constitute, explicitly or implicitly, any representation or warrant of JCR on the information itself or any consequences of its use in terms of accuracy, relevance, timeliness, wholeness, market value, or usefulness for any specific purposes.

- 6 Use of Due Diligence Services of a Third Party in Taking the Rating Action as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(F) of Rule 17g-7
 - There is no use of any third-party due diligence service in the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.
- 7 Use of Servicer or Remittance Reports to Conduct Surveillance of the Credit Rating Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(G) of Rule 17g-7
 - There is no use of any servicer or remittance report to conduct surveillance of the credit rating herewith presented.
- 8 The Types of Data Relied Upon for the Purpose of Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(H) of Rule17g-7



- The information posted in the below, which includes data, is used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.
 - A) Audited financial statements presented by the rating stakeholders
 - B) Explanations of business performance, management plans, etc. presented by the rating stakeholders

9 Overall assessment of the Quality of Information Available and Considered in Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(I) of Rule 17g-7

• JCR holds its basic policies for securing the quality of information as a base of due diligence for the determination of credit ratings. The information used as a base for the determination of credit rating herewith presented satisfies such policies, which include the audit by an independent auditor, the warranty made by the issuer, the publication by the issuer, some independent media or, otherwise, JCR analyst's scrutiny, etc.

- JCR sees no particular weakness in the quality of information used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented as compared to the information used in other cases of the credit rating for comparable issuers or ratable objects.
- · If the credit rating is an Indication, please see the report for Indication.

1 0 Information Relating to Conflicts of Interest as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(J) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR receives payment of compensation for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented from either one of those parties who are issuer, underwriter, depositor or sponsor.
- JCR received in the last fiscal year in the past payment of compensation from the same party for any kind of JCR's service other than the determination of public or private credit rating, such as one in the ancillary business.

 $11 \begin{bmatrix} \text{Explanation or Measure of the Potential Volatility of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph} \\ \textbf{(a)(1)(ii)(K) of Rule 17g-7} \end{bmatrix}$

A) Business Bases

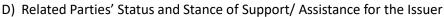
The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases, since its revenue, etc. may improve or deteriorate by the change in its business management policies, clients' preferences, competitive situation, or a technological innovation. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the business bases is large.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating is subject to alteration if the issuer increases/ decreases its debt/ capital or vice versa and thereby makes its individual debt payment liability less or more bearable and its loss absorption capacity into the future decreased or increased. Also, the changes in the quality of asset under the issuer's holding may affect the credit rating, since such changes could raise or lower the likelihood of future loss of the issuer's financial grounds. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the financial grounds and/ or asset quality is large.

C) Liquidity Positions

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's financial management policy or in the relations with fund procurement sources and the change thereby makes its liquidity positions improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.



The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's parent company or subsidiary, guarantor or other provider of credit enhancement, or the government of the issuer's business domicile, or other related parties' own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer, and the change thereby makes its business bases, financial grounds and/ or liquidity positions improve or deteriorate, and/ or making the effectiveness of guarantee and other credit enhancement improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

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E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the rated debt's status in the order of seniority relative to other debts caused by the improvement/ deterioration of the issuer's financial condition. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large. Also, in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, the credit rating is subject to alteration if and when the likelihood of such non-payment is projected to increase or decrease. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

F) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a rise/ fall in the general economy and/ or the markets inducing the issuer's revenues/ expenses to increase/ decrease and vice versa, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is exceptionally large.

G) Various Events

The credit rating is subject to alteration on occurrence of various events, such as change in the issuer's major shareholders, M&A and other organizational change, accident, violation of the law, litigation, legal/ regulatory change, natural disaster, etc., which are unforeseeable at the time when the credit rating is determined, causing a significant change on the issuer's business bases, financial grounds, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but more often than not as much as a few notches.

Information on the Content of the Credit Rating, Including the Historical Performance of the Credit Rating and the Expected Probability of Default and the Expected Loss in the Event of Default as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(L) of Rule 17g-7

- Historical records of the credit rating herewith presented are posted in the end of this paper.
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- Facts of the probability of default are posted as Form NRSRO Exhibit 1 on the JCR website under the URL:

https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/service/company/regu/nrsro/

13 Information on the Sensitivity of the Credit Rating to Assumptions Made as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(M) of Rule 17g-7

A) Business Bases

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's business bases and powers of earning or cash flow generation, etc. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases on some drastic change in the operational environments, etc.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's financial grounds and asset quality. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but



possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's financial grounds and/ or asset quality on some drastic change in its business bases.

C) Liquidity Risks

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's liquidity positions. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's liquidity positions on some drastic change in its financial management policy or relations with fund procurement sources, etc.

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's parent company or subsidiaries, guarantor or other providers of credit enhancement, the government of the issuer's business domicile or other related parties' status and stance of support/ assistance for the issuer. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if there is a major change on the part of related parties, such as replacement, disappearance, some drastic improvement/ deterioration of financial grounds/ balances, etc.

E) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the prospects of general economy and markets. JCR expects the change should be most likely by a notch but could be as much as a few notches, should the economy or the markets change so greatly.

14 Information on the Representations, Warranties, and Enforcement Mechanisms of an Asset-backed Security as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(N) of rule 17g-7

The credit rating herewith presented is not for an ABS product, and hence no relevant issue.

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The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Issuer(Long-term)	August 20, 2018	AA	Positive
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Issuer(Long-term)	December 20, 2019	AA+	Stable
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Issuer(Long-term)	January 19, 2021	AA+	Stable
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Issuer(Long-term)	January 21, 2022	AA+	Stable
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Issuer(Long-term)	January 23, 2023	AA+	Stable
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Ability to Pay Insurance Claims	August 20, 2018	AA	Positive
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Ability to Pay Insurance Claims	December 20, 2019	AA+	Stable
		January 19, 2021		Stable
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Ability to Pay Insurance Claims	2	AA+	Stable
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Ability to Pay Insurance Claims	January 21, 2022	AA+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Ability to Pay Insurance Claims	January 23, 2023	AA+	Stable
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	June 28, 1994	J-1	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	April 17, 1996	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	March 25, 1999	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	September 30, 1999	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	September 29, 2000	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	October 26, 2001	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	November 1, 2002	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	December 18, 2003	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	CP	January 20, 2005	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	CP	October 14, 2005	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	CP	October 6, 2006	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	October 16, 2007	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	CP	August 18, 2007	J-1+	
	CP	October 16, 2009	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company		-		
Nippon Life Insurance Company	CP	October 6, 2010	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	CP	October 18, 2011	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	September 28, 2012	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	November 6, 2013	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	December 29, 2014	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	December 11, 2015	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	January 27, 2017	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	December 20, 2017	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	August 20, 2018	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	December 20, 2019	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	January 19, 2021	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	January 21, 2022	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	СР	January 23, 2023	J-1+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Fund	August 3, 2021	AA	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Fund	January 21, 2022	AA	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Fund	January 23, 2023	AA	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	September 18, 2018	AA A+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	December 20, 2019	A+ AA-	+
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	January 19, 2021	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	January 21, 2022	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	January 23, 2023	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	April 22, 2019	A+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	December 20, 2019	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	January 19, 2021	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	January 21, 2022	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	January 23, 2023	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	November 21, 2019	A+	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	December 20, 2019	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	January 19, 2021	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	January 21, 2022	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	January 23, 2023	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	September 23, 2020	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	January 19, 2021	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	January 21, 2021	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	January 23, 2022		
			AA-	+
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	May 11, 2021	AA-	



		the creat rating		
Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	January 21, 2022	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	January 23, 2023	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	May 10, 2022	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	January 23, 2023	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	September 22, 2022	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	January 23, 2023	AA-	
Nippon Life Insurance Company	Loan(subordinated)	April 20, 2023	AA-	

The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

Attestation Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of Rule 17g-7

I, Tomohiro Miyao, have responsibility to this Rating Action and to the best of my knowledge:

- A) No part of the credit rating was influenced by any other business activities.
- B) The credit rating was based solely upon the merits of the obligor, security, or money market instrument being rated.
- C) The credit rating was an independent evaluation of the credit risk of the obligor, security, or money market instrument.

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Tomohiro Miyao General Manager of Financial Institution Rating Department

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