News Release



Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

22-D-1209 December 27, 2022

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR) announces the following credit rating.

ARAKAWA CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES, LTD. (security code: 4968)

<outlook change=""> Long-term Issuer Rating: Outlook:</outlook>	A- from Stable to Negative
<affirmation> Bonds:</affirmation>	A-

Rationale

- (1) Founded in 1876, ARAKAWA CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES, LTD. (the "Company") is Japan's largest company in the rosin-based pine chemicals industry. Having strength in the technology to bind different materials, it operates business segments of Functional Coating Chemicals, Paper Chemicals & Environmental Business, Adhesive & Biomass Materials, and Fine Chemicals & Electronics. It has many products with one of the largest market share in Japan. It sells products to companies in diverse fields including paper manufacturing, ink and electronic parts, and its customer base is stable. While its new plant in Chiba Prefecture started trial production of hydrogenated hydrocarbon resin in November 2022, production of the said resin in Germany is scheduled to end in March 2023.
- (2) For the time being, it is increasingly likely that the Company's income will remain at a low level. With the exception of some products such as electronic parts-related ones, sales are generally stable, and a certain business base is maintained. However, the business environment has been strongly affected, as exemplified by the significant deterioration of the profitability at its German production base due to sharp rises in natural gas prices and other factors. Furthermore, while the Company's financial position is sound, its financial structure is expected to be weaker than before, with a decline in shareholders' equity and an increase in interest-bearing debt. Based on the above, JCR has affirmed the rating on the Company but changed the outlook to Negative. JCR will confirm a series of measures related to the production of hydrogenated hydrocarbon resin and the status of improvement in business performance, and will reflect them in the rating.
- (3) For the fiscal year ending March 2023 (FY2022), the Company forecasts an operating loss of 1.8 billion yen (an operating income of 3.3 billion yen in FY2021) and a net loss of 3.5 billion yen (a net income of 1.5 billion yen). The main reason for the losses was a deterioration in the profits of hydrogenated hydrocarbon resin produced in Germany and the booking of losses due to the termination of production. The impact of the deterioration in profits in Germany is expected to basically end in FY2022, and from FY2023 onward, the Company projects an increase in the sales of paper strengthening agents it began production in Vietnam, and the recovery of photo-curing resin, which is currently in an adjustment phase. However, the depreciation burden of the new plant in Chiba Prefecture will exert a downward pressure on earnings, and the pace of improvement in income is likely to be moderate.
- (4) At the end of the second quarter of FY2022, the Company's financial structure was favorable with an equity ratio of 48.8% (50.3% at the end of FY2021) and a D/E ratio of 0.53x (0.45x). However, toward the end of FY2022, a decrease in shareholders' equity due to a net loss is expected, while an increase in interest-bearing debt with an increase in working capital and other factors is assumed. The Company also continues to aggressively invest in growth, including increasing the capability of photocuring resin. Investments are likely to be made under a certain level of financial discipline, and there is little concern that the financial base will be seriously impaired. That said, the financial structure may continue to be weaker compared to the one in the latter half of the 2010's.

Takeshi Fujita, Yosuke Sato

JCR

Rating

Issuer: ARAKAWA CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES, LTD.

<Outlook Change>

Long-term Issuer Rating: A-	Outlook: Negative				
<affirmation></affirmation>					
Issue	Amount (bn)	Issue Date	Due Date	Coupon	Rating
Bonds no. 4	JPY 5	Dec. 19, 2019	Dec. 19, 2024	0.200%	A-
Bonds no. 5	JPY 5	Nov. 26, 2021	Nov. 26, 2026	0.180%	A-
(sustainability-linked bonds)					

Rating Assignment Date: December 26, 2022

The assumptions for the credit ratings and the definitions of the rating symbols are published as "Types of Credit Ratings and Definitions of Rating Symbols" (January 6, 2014) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/).

Outline of the rating methodology is shown as "JCR's Rating Methodology" (November 7, 2014) and "Chemicals" (March 26, 2012) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/).

The rating stakeholder participated in the rating process of the aforementioned credit ratings.

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Jiji Press Building, 5-15-8 Ginza, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0061, Japan Tel. +81 3 3544 7013, Fax. +81 3 3544 7026

Information herein has been obtained by JCR from the issuers and other sources believed to be accurate and reliable. However, because of the possibility of human or mechanical error as well as other factors, JCR makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, as to accuracy, results, adequacy, timeliness, completeness or merchantability, or fitness for any particular purpose, with respect to any such information, and is not responsible for any errors or omissions, or for results obtained from the use of such information. Under no circumstances will JCR be liable for any special, indirect, incidental or consequential damages of any kind caused by the use of any such information, including but not limited to, lost opportunity or lost money, whether in contract, tort, strict liability or otherwise, and whether assumed by the use of functionation incident and recidit assessments are statements of JCR's current and comprehensive opinion regarding redemption possibility, etc. of financial obligations assumed by the issuers of financial products, and not statements of act the decisions or recommendations regarding decisions to purchase, sell or hold any securities such as individual bonds or commercial paper. The ratings and credit assessments as a result of changes in or unavailability of information as well as other factors. JCR receives a rating fee paid by issuers for conducting rating services in principle. JCR retains all rights pertaining to this document, including JCR's rating data. Any reproduction, alteration, etc. of this document, including user faring data, is prohibited, whether or not wholly or partly, without prior consent of JCR.

JCR is registered as a "Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization" with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to the following four classes. (1) Financial institutions, brokers and dealers, (2) Insurance Companies, (3) Corporate Issuers, (4) Issuers of government securities, municipal securities and foreign government securities.

JCR publishes its press releases regarding the rating actions both in Japanese and in English on the same day. In case that it takes time to translate rating rationale, JCR may publicize the summary version, which will be replaced by the full translated version within three business days. (Regarding Structured Finance products, JCR only publicize the summary version in English.)



INFORMATION DISCLOSURE FORM

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Disclosure Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of Rule 17g-7

Issuer: ARAKAWA CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES, LTD.

Rating Publication December 27, 2022

The Symbol, Number, or Score in the Rating Scale used to Denote Credit Rating Categories and Notches and, the Identity of the Obligor or the Identity and a Description of the Security or Money Market Instrument as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of Rule 17g-7

• Please see the news release. If the credit rating is a private rating, please see the report for private rating.

- 2 The version of the procedure or methodology used to determine the credit rating; as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(B) of Rule 17g-7
 - Please see the news release. If the credit rating is a private rating, please see the report for private rating.

3 The Main Assumptions and Principles used in Constructing the Procedures and Methodologies used to Determine the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(C) of Rule 17g-7

- The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, to be applied to assess the likelihood of a given debt payment in light of its issuer's condition and business environment, etc. in the relevant future. There is certain limitation, however, in the time horizon that the rating foresees.
- The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, that the factors posted in the below are particularly important for such likelihood to be determined, and that the rating determination is made by evaluating each of them not only quantitatively but also employing qualitative analyses.
- A) Business Bases

1

The likelihood of a given debt payment is highly conditional to its issuer's business bases - how they can be maintained/ expanded into the future and thereby secure earnings and cash flows in adequacy and in a sustainable way.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the degree of the issuer's indebtedness and loss absorption capacity in terms of equity capital. Also notable is that a financial institution might see a significant loss of financial grounds as a result of changes in value of the assets under its possession.

C) Liquidity Positions

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the adequacy of the issuer's cash and other sources of repayment (liquidity positions).

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The likelihood of debt payment is affected one way or the other by the issuer's related parties such as parent company, subsidiary, guarantor, and the government of the issuer's business domicile, etc. - by their own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer.

JCR

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment

4

The likelihood of debt payment can be different between given debts of the same issuer. The likelihood of debt payment for an individual debt is dependent on the issuer's discretion, and/ or its rank relative to other debts of the same issuer in the order of seniority in principal/ interest payment which is determined by design as financial product or by laws, etc.

- The Potential Limitations of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(D) of Rule 17g-7
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- The objective of the credit rating herewith presented does not include any concerns other than the likelihood of debt payment, such as risks of price changes, market liquidity, etc.
- The credit rating herewith presented is necessary to be reviewed along with possible changes of the issuer of rated objects in its business performance and/ or circumstances which include regulatory environment, and hence subject to possible alteration.
- 5 Information on the Uncertainty of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(E) of Rule 17g-7

The information used for the determination of credit rating as herewith presented is obtained by JCR from the issuer of rated objects and other sources that JCR trusts in terms of accuracy and reliability but possibly contains errors due to human, non-human or other causes. Consequently, the credit rating determined on the grounds of such information does not constitute, explicitly or implicitly, any representation or warrant of JCR on the information itself or any consequences of its use in terms of accuracy, relevance, timeliness, wholeness, market value, or usefulness for any specific purposes.

- 6 Use of Due Diligence Services of a Third Party in Taking the Rating Action as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(F) of Rule 17g-7
 - There is no use of any third-party due diligence service in the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.
- 7 Use of Servicer or Remittance Reports to Conduct Surveillance of the Credit Rating Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(G) of Rule 17g-7
 - There is no use of any servicer or remittance report to conduct surveillance of the credit rating herewith presented.
- 8 The Types of Data Relied Upon for the Purpose of Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(H) of Rule17g-7



- The information posted in the below, which includes data, is used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.
 - A) Audited financial statements presented by the rating stakeholders
 - B) Explanations of business performance, management plans, etc. presented by the rating stakeholders
 - C) Documentation of the rated financial product presented by the rating stakeholders

Overall assessment of the Quality of Information Available and Considered in Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(l) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR holds its basic policies for securing the quality of information as a base of due diligence for the determination of credit ratings. The information used as a base for the determination of credit rating herewith presented satisfies such policies, which include the audit by an independent auditor, the warranty made by the issuer, the publication by the issuer, some independent media or, otherwise, JCR analyst's scrutiny, etc.
- JCR sees no particular weakness in the quality of information used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented as compared to the information used in other cases of the credit rating for comparable issuers or ratable objects.
- · If the credit rating is an Indication, please see the report for Indication.

1 Information Relating to Conflicts of Interest as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(J) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR receives payment of compensation for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented from either one of those parties who are issuer, underwriter, depositor or sponsor.
- JCR received in the last fiscal year in the past payment of compensation from the same party for any kind of JCR's service other than the determination of public or private credit rating, such as one in the ancillary business.

11 Explanation or Measure of the Potential Volatility of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(K) of Rule 17g-7

A) Business Bases

9

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases, since its revenue, etc. may improve or deteriorate by the change in its business management policies, clients' preferences, competitive situation, or a technological innovation. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the business bases is large.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating is subject to alteration if the issuer increases/ decreases its debt/ capital or vice versa and thereby makes its individual debt payment liability less or more bearable and its loss absorption capacity into the future decreased or increased. Also, the changes in the quality of asset under the issuer's holding may affect the credit rating, since such changes could raise or lower the likelihood of future loss of the issuer's financial grounds. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the financial grounds and/ or asset quality is large.

C) Liquidity Positions

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's financial management policy or in the relations with fund procurement sources and the change thereby makes its liquidity positions



improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's parent company or subsidiary, guarantor or other provider of credit enhancement, or the government of the issuer's business domicile, or other related parties' own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer, and the change thereby makes its business bases, financial grounds and/ or liquidity positions improve or deteriorate, and/ or making the effectiveness of guarantee and other credit enhancement improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the rated debt's status in the order of seniority relative to other debts caused by the improvement/ deterioration of the issuer's financial condition. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large. Also, in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, the credit rating is subject to alteration if and when the likelihood of such non-payment is projected to increase or decrease. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

F) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a rise/ fall in the general economy and/ or the markets inducing the issuer's revenues/ expenses to increase/ decrease and vice versa, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is exceptionally large.

G) Various Events

The credit rating is subject to alteration on occurrence of various events, such as change in the issuer's major shareholders, M&A and other organizational change, accident, violation of the law, litigation, legal/ regulatory change, natural disaster, etc., which are unforeseeable at the time when the credit rating is determined, causing a significant change on the issuer's business bases, financial grounds, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but more often than not as much as a few notches.

Information on the Content of the Credit Rating, Including the Historical Performance of the Credit Rating and the Expected Probability of Default and the Expected Loss in the Event of Default as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(L) of Rule 17g-7

- Historical records of the credit rating herewith presented are posted in the end of this paper.
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- Facts of the probability of default are posted as Form NRSRO Exhibit 1 on the JCR website under the URL:

https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/service/company/regu/nrsro/

Information on the Sensitivity of the Credit Rating to Assumptions Made as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(M) of Rule 17g-7

A) Business Bases

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's business bases and powers of earning or cash flow generation, etc. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases on some drastic change in the operational environments, etc.



B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's financial grounds and asset quality. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's financial grounds and/ or asset quality on some drastic change in its business bases.

C) Liquidity Risks

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's liquidity positions. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's liquidity positions on some drastic change in its financial management policy or relations with fund procurement sources, etc.

D) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the order of seniority in repayment of interests and principal. JCR assumes the resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch. The change could be as much as a few notches if the issuer's financial structure differs so much and thereby the balance between debts shifted so greatly. Rating change is also possible in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turns out to be inaccurate. The change of the credit rating is assumed to be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

E) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the prospects of general economy and markets. JCR expects the change should be most likely by a notch but could be as much as a few notches, should the economy or the markets change so greatly.

14 Information on the Representations, Warranties, and Enforcement Mechanisms of an Asset-backed Security as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(N) of rule 17g-7

• The credit rating herewith presented is not for an ABS product, and hence no relevant issue.

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Jiji Press Building, 5-15-8 Ginza, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0061, Japan Tel. +81 3 3544 7013, Fax. +81 3 3544 7026



Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction	
ARAKAWA CHEMICAL	Issuer(Long-term)	September 2, 2010	٨	Stable	
INDUSTRIES, LTD.	Issuer(Long-term)	September 2, 2010	A-		
ARAKAWA CHEMICAL	Issuer(Long-term)	October 13, 2011	A-	Stable	
INDUSTRIES, LTD.	issuer(Long-term)	October 15, 2011		Stable	
ARAKAWA CHEMICAL	Issuer(Long-term)	December 10, 2012	A-	Stable	
INDUSTRIES, LTD.	Issuer(Long-term)	December 10, 2012		Stable	
ARAKAWA CHEMICAL	Issuer(Long-term)	November 26, 2013	A-	Stable	
INDUSTRIES, LTD.	Issuer(Long-term)			Stable	
ARAKAWA CHEMICAL	Issuer(Long-term)	November 17, 2014		C4+1-1-	
INDUSTRIES, LTD.	Issuer(Long-term)	November 17, 2014	A-	Stable	
ARAKAWA CHEMICAL	Issuer(Long-term)	December 16, 2015	A-	Stable	
INDUSTRIES, LTD.	Issuer(Long-term)	December 10, 2015			
ARAKAWA CHEMICAL	Issuer(Long-term)	October 21, 2016	A-	Stable	
INDUSTRIES, LTD.	Issuer(Long-term)	October 21, 2010			
ARAKAWA CHEMICAL	Issuer(Long-term)	February 14, 2018	A-	Stable	
INDUSTRIES, LTD.	Issuer(Long-term)	reoruary 14, 2018			
ARAKAWA CHEMICAL	Issuer(Long-term)	December 19, 2018	A-	Stable	
INDUSTRIES, LTD.	Issuer(Long-term)	December 19, 2018			
ARAKAWA CHEMICAL	Issuer(Long-term)	November 21, 2019	A-	Stable	
INDUSTRIES, LTD.	Issuer(Long-term)	November 21, 2019		Stable	
ARAKAWA CHEMICAL	Issuer(Long-term)	December 22, 2020	A-	Stable	
INDUSTRIES, LTD.	Issuer(Long-term)	December 22, 2020			
ARAKAWA CHEMICAL	Issuer(Long-term)	October 21, 2021	A-	Stable	
INDUSTRIES, LTD.	Issuel (Long-term)	October 21, 2021			
ARAKAWA CHEMICAL	Bonds no.4	December 13, 2019	A-		
INDUSTRIES, LTD.	Bollus lio.4	December 15, 2019			
ARAKAWA CHEMICAL	Bonds no.4	December 22, 2020	A-		
INDUSTRIES, LTD.	Bolids 110.4	December 22, 2020	A-		
ARAKAWA CHEMICAL	Bonds no.4	October 21, 2021	A-		
INDUSTRIES, LTD.	DUIUS 110.4	0000001 21, 2021	A-		
ARAKAWA CHEMICAL	Bonds no.5	November 19, 2021	A-		
INDUSTRIES, LTD.		110VeIII0ei 19, 2021	A-		

The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

Attestation Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of Rule 17g-7

I, Mikiya Kubota, have responsibility to this Rating Action and to the best of my knowledge:

- A) No part of the credit rating was influenced by any other business activities.
- B) The credit rating was based solely upon the merits of the obligor, security, or money market instrument being rated.
- C) The credit rating was an independent evaluation of the credit risk of the obligor, security, or money market instrument.

窪田幹也

Mikiya Kubota General Manager of Corporate Rating Department I

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. Jiji Press Building, 5-15-8 Ginza, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0061, Japan Tel. +81 3 3544 7013, Fax. +81 3 3544 7026