

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR) announces the following credit rating.

## GLP J-REIT (security code: 3281)

### <Affirmation>

Long-term Issuer Rating: AA  
Outlook: Stable  
Bonds: AA

### Rationale

- (1) A J-REIT established in September 2011 and listed on Tokyo Stock Exchange (Real Estate Investment Trust Securities Market) in December 2012, GLP J-REIT (the "Corporation") specializes in logistics facilities and is sponsored by Global Logistic Properties Inc. ("GLPKK"). GLPKK is a wholly owned Japanese subsidiary of Global Logistic Properties Limited ("GLP"), one of Asia's top logistics property providers, which is a listed company of Singapore and has as the largest shareholder GIC, an investment company wholly owned by the government of Singapore (ownership ratio: 35.8% as of March 31, 2016). With respect to the fact that preliminary discussions on the sale of GLP are being held with various parties, close attention will be paid to the future developments, including progress in the discussions. The Corporation's portfolio currently consists of 63 properties with the total acquisition price of 442.8 billion yen. Looking at distribution of the properties based on the acquisition price, the Tokyo metropolitan area accounts for 66% in terms of the location and properties with gross floor area of 50,000 m<sup>2</sup> or more for 57% in terms of the size.
- (2) The Corporation, while disposing of GLP Tosu III and one other property for 2.1 billion yen in January 2016, also continues to acquire new properties. In September 2016, it acquired five properties centering on those developed by the sponsor, including GLP Atsugi II, for 58.2 billion yen, which was financed partly with the fourth public offering implemented in August, and as a result the asset size grew by 15% from January 31, 2016. Given the well-diversified portfolio with growth in size and the fact that the Corporation has been achieving nearly 100% occupancy rates since the listing and has track records of realizing upward rent revisions in leasing operations every year thanks in part to the high rate of contract renewal with the tenants (85% since the listing), JCR considers the stability of the portfolio cash flow is ensured. On the financial front, the total asset-based book-value LTV, being 48.7% as of August 31, 2016, is kept within the scope of the asset manager's assumptions, and unrealized gains on the portfolio are growing, pushing down the appraisal LTV ratio to 42.3% as of the same date from 45.8% a year before. Moreover, the Corporation continues stable financial management by taking such measures as making the average remaining period of the interest-bearing debt longer, staggering repayment terms and reducing costs. Based on the above, JCR affirmed the ratings on the Corporation and retained the Stable outlook.
- (3) The Corporation intends to keep pursuing both external and internal growth by leveraging various forms of support extended by the sponsor based on the strong cooperative relations with the sponsor group. For external growth, it already has, as the sponsor pipeline, 16 properties with the right of first refusal (gross floor area: 0.83 million m<sup>2</sup>) that have been stably occupied and 26 properties owned by the sponsor group's funds (gross floor area: 2.35 million m<sup>2</sup>). For internal growth, it will likely continue efforts based on the expertise and know-how of the sponsor group in operating logistics facilities, including property management. Going forward, JCR will keep paying attention to the Corporation's external growth and efforts to maintain and even improve the competitive strength of its properties that generate the portfolio cash flow, including the handling of 21 properties in the portfolio that are over 20 years old.
- (4) The Corporation, while having good debt financing relations mainly with three mega banks, constantly issues investment corporation bonds and ensures certain liquidity with the commitment line of 6 billion yen. Therefore, there are no particular concerns about financing at this point. JCR will continue watching the Corporation's financial management measures, including controlling the leverage at an appropriate level, and their effectiveness.

Shigeo Sugiyama, Nobuyasu Matsuda

## Rating

Issuer: GLP J-REIT

### <Affirmation>

Issue	Amount (bn)	Issue Date	Due Date	Coupon	Rating
bonds no.1	Y6.0	Feb. 27, 2014	Feb. 27, 2019	0.47%	AA
bonds no.2	Y2.0	July 30, 2014	July 30, 2024	0.98%	AA
bonds no.3	Y4.5	Dec. 26, 2014	Dec. 25, 2020	0.51%	AA
bonds no.4	Y1.5	Dec. 26, 2014	Dec. 26, 2022	0.68%	AA
bonds no.5	Y3.0	Dec. 26, 2014	Dec. 25, 2026	1.17%	AA
bonds no.6	Y1.5	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2025	0.889%	AA
bonds no.7	Y6.9	Nov. 28, 2016	Nov. 28, 2019	0.005%	AA
bonds no.8	Y1.1	Nov. 28, 2016	Nov. 27, 2026	0.450%	AA

Rating Assignment Date: January 24, 2017

The criteria used for identifying matters which serve as assumptions for the assessment of the credit status, and the criteria used for setting of grades indicating the results of the assessments of the credit status are published as "Types of Credit Ratings and Definitions of Rating Symbols" (January 6, 2014) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (<http://www.jcr.co.jp/en/>).

Outline of methodology for determination of the credit rating is shown as "J-REIT" (June 2, 2014) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (<http://www.jcr.co.jp/en/>).

## Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

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JCR publishes its press releases regarding the rating actions both in Japanese and in English on the same day. In case that it takes time to translate rating rationale, JCR may publicize the summary version, which will be replaced by the full translated version within three business days. (Regarding Structured Finance products, JCR only publicize the summary version in English.)

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## INFORMATION DISCLOSURE FORM

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

## Disclosure Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of Rule 17g-7

Issuer:	GLP J-REIT
Rating Publication Date:	January 27, 2017

**1** The Symbol, Number, or Score in the Rating Scale used to Denote Credit Rating Categories and Notches and, the Identity of the Obligor or the Identity and a Description of the Security or Money Market Instrument as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of Rule 17g-7

Please see the news release.

**2** The version of the procedure or methodology used to determine the credit rating; as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(B) of Rule 17g-7

Please see the news release.

**3** The Main Assumptions and Principles used in Constructing the Procedures and Methodologies used to Determine the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(C) of Rule 17g-7

- The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, to be applied to assess the likelihood of a given debt payment in light of its issuer's condition and market environment, etc. in the relevant future. There is certain limitation, however, in the time horizon that the rating foresees
- The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, that the factors posted in the below are particularly important for such likelihood to be determined, and that the rating determination is made by evaluating each of them not only quantitatively but also employing qualitative analyses.

**A) Portfolios**

The likelihood of a given debt payment is highly conditional to its issuer's portfolios - how they can be maintained/ enhanced into the future and thereby secure earnings and cash flows in adequacy and in a sustainable way.

**B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality**

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the degree of the issuer's indebtedness and loss absorption capacity in terms of equity capital. Also notable is that a J-REIT might see a significant loss of financial grounds as a result of changes in value of the assets under its possession.

**C) Liquidity Positions**

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the adequacy of the issuer's cash and other sources of repayment (liquidity positions) including certainty of refinancing.

## D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The likelihood of debt payment is affected one way or the other by the issuer's related parties such as sponsor, asset manager, guarantor, and the government of the issuer's business domicile, etc. - by their own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer.

## E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment

The likelihood of debt payment can be different between given debts of the same issuer. The likelihood of debt payment for an individual debt is dependent on the issuer's discretion, and/ or its rank relative to other debts of the same issuer in the order of seniority in principal/ interest payment which is determined by design as financial product or by laws, etc.

#### 4 The Potential Limitations of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(D) of Rule 17g-7

- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- The objective of the credit rating herewith presented does not include any concerns other than the likelihood of debt payment, such as risks of price changes, market liquidity, etc.
- The credit rating herewith presented is necessary to be reviewed along with possible changes of the issuer of rated objects in its business performance and/ or circumstances which include regulatory environment, and hence subject to possible alteration.

#### 5 Information on the Uncertainty of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(E) of Rule 17g-7

- The information used for the determination of credit rating as herewith presented is obtained by JCR from the issuer of rated objects and other sources that JCR trusts in terms of accuracy and reliability but possibly contains errors due to human, non-human or other causes. Consequently, the credit rating determined on the grounds of such information does not constitute, explicitly or implicitly, any representation or warrant of JCR on the information itself or any consequences of its use in terms of accuracy, relevance, timeliness, wholeness, market value, or usefulness for any specific purposes.

#### 6 Use of Due Diligence Services of a Third Party in Taking the Rating Action as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(F) of Rule 17g-7

- There is no use of any third-party due diligence service in the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.

#### 7 Use of Servicer or Remittance Reports to Conduct Surveillance of the Credit Rating Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(G) of Rule 17g-7

- There is no use of any servicer or remittance report to conduct surveillance of the credit rating herewith presented.

#### 8 The Types of Data Relied Upon for the Purpose of Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(H) of Rule 17g-7

- The information posted in the below, which includes data, is used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.

A) Audited financial statements presented by the rating stakeholders

B) Explanations of business performance, management plans, etc. presented by the rating stakeholders

## 9 Overall assessment of the Quality of Information Available and Considered in Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(I) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR holds its basic policies for securing the quality of information as a base of due diligence for the determination of credit ratings. The information used as a base for the determination of credit rating herewith presented satisfies such policies, which include the audit by an independent auditor, the publication by the issuer or some independent media or, otherwise, JCR analyst's scrutiny, etc.
- JCR sees no particular weakness in the quality of information used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented as compared to the information used in other cases of the credit rating for comparable issuers or ratable objects.

## 10 Information Relating to Conflicts of Interest as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(J) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR receive payment of compensation for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented from either one of those parties who are issuer, underwriter, depositor or sponsor.
- JCR did not receive in the last fiscal year in the past payment of compensation from the same party for any kind of JCR's service other than the determination of credit rating, such as one in the ancillary business.

## 11 Explanation or Measure of the Potential Volatility of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(K) of Rule 17g-7

### A) Portfolios

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is improvement or deterioration of quality, competitive strength and diversification in the issuer's portfolios, since its revenue, etc. may improve or deteriorate by the change in its investment strategies, tenants' preferences, competitive situation, or a technological innovation. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the portfolios is large.

### B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating is subject to alteration if the issuer increases/ decreases its debt/ capital or vice versa and thereby makes its individual debt payment liability less or more bearable and its loss absorption capacity into the future decreased or increased. Also, the changes in the quality of asset under the issuer's holding may affect the credit rating, since such changes could raise or lower the likelihood of future loss of the issuer's financial grounds. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the financial grounds and/ or asset quality is large.

### C) Liquidity Positions

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's financial management policy or in the relations with fund procurement sources and the change thereby makes its liquidity positions improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

### D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's sponsor or asset manager, guarantor or other provider of credit enhancement, or the government of the issuer's business domicile,

or other related parties' own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer, and the change thereby makes its portfolios, financial grounds and/ or liquidity positions improve or deteriorate, and/ or making the effectiveness of guarantee and other credit enhancement improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the rated debt's status in the order of seniority relative to other debts caused by the improvement/ deterioration of the issuer's financial condition. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large. Also, in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, the credit rating is subject to alteration if and when the likelihood of such non-payment is projected to increase or decrease. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

F) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a rise/ fall in the general economy and/ or the markets, of e.g. real estate prices or interest rates, inducing the issuer's revenues/ expenses to increase/ decrease and vice versa, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is exceptionally large.

G) Various Events

The credit rating is subject to alteration on occurrence of various events, such as change in the issuer's sponsor or asset manager, M&A and other organizational change, accident, violation of the law, litigation, legal/ regulatory change, natural disaster, etc., which are unforeseeable at the time when the credit rating is determined, causing a significant change on the issuer's business bases, financial grounds, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but more often than not as much as a few notches.

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Information on the Content of the Credit Rating, Including the Historical Performance of the Credit Rating and the Expected Probability of Default and the Expected Loss in the Event of Default as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(L) of Rule 17g-7

- Historical records of the credit rating herewith presented are posted in the end of this paper.
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- Facts of the probability of default are posted as Form NRSRO Exhibit 1 on the JCR website under the URL:

<http://www.jcr.co.jp/en/service/company/regu/nrsro/>

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Information on the Sensitivity of the Credit Rating to Assumptions Made as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(M) of Rule 17g-7

A) Portfolios

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's portfolios and powers of earning or cash flow generation, etc. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of quality, competitive strength and diversification in the issuer's portfolios on some drastic change in the market environments, etc.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's financial grounds and asset quality. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's financial grounds and/ or asset quality on some drastic change in its portfolios.

C) Liquidity Risks

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's liquidity positions including certainty of refinancing. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's liquidity positions on some drastic change in its financial management policy or relations with fund procurement sources, etc.

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's sponsor or asset manager, guarantor or other providers of credit enhancement, the government of the issuer's business domicile or other related parties' status and stance of support/ assistance for the issuer. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if there is a major change on the part of related parties, such as replacement, disappearance, some drastic improvement/ deterioration of financial grounds/ balances, etc.

E) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the prospects of general economy and markets of e.g. real estate prices or interest rates. JCR expects the change should be most likely by a notch but could be as much as a few notches, should the economy or the markets change so greatly.

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Information on the Representations, Warranties, and Enforcement Mechanisms of an Asset-backed Security as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(N) of rule 17g-7

- The credit rating herewith presented is not for an ABS product, and hence no relevant issue.

## The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

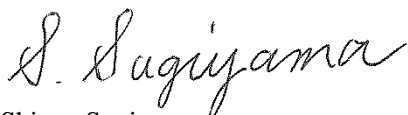
Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction
GLP J-REIT	Issuer(Long-term)	November 14, 2012	AA-	Stable
GLP J-REIT	Issuer(Long-term)	December 26, 2013	AA-	Stable
GLP J-REIT	Issuer(Long-term)	December 5, 2014	AA-	Positive
GLP J-REIT	Issuer(Long-term)	December 11, 2015	AA	Stable
GLP J-REIT	Issuer(Long-term)	January 27, 2017	AA	Stable
GLP J-REIT	Bonds no.1	February 7, 2014	AA-	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds no.1	December 5, 2014	AA-	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds no.1	December 11, 2015	AA	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds no.1	January 27, 2017	AA	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds no.2	July 15, 2014	AA-	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds no.2	December 5, 2014	AA-	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds no.2	December 11, 2015	AA	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds no.2	January 27, 2017	AA	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds. No.3	December 12, 2014	AA-	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds. No.3	December 11, 2015	AA	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds. No.3	January 27, 2017	AA	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds. No.4	December 12, 2014	AA-	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds. No.4	December 11, 2015	AA	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds. No.4	January 27, 2017	AA	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds. No.5	December 12, 2014	AA-	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds. No.5	December 11, 2015	AA	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds. No.5	January 27, 2017	AA	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds No.6	June 23, 2015	AA-	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds No.6	December 11, 2015	AA	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds No.6	January 27, 2017	AA	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds no.7	November 17, 2016	AA	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds no.7	January 27, 2017	AA	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds no.8	November 17, 2016	AA	
GLP J-REIT	Bonds no.8	January 27, 2017	AA	



## Attestation Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of Rule 17g-7

I, Shigeo Sugiyama, have responsibility to this Rating Action and to the best of my knowledge:

- A) No part of the credit rating was influenced by any other business activities.
- B) The credit rating was based solely upon the merits of the obligor, security, or money market instrument being rated.
- C) The credit rating was an independent evaluation of the credit risk of the obligor, security, or money market instrument.



Shigeo Sugiyama

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